

UNITEDHEALTH GROUP

9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

April 21, 2017

Dear Shareholder:

We cordially invite you to attend our 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. We will hold our meeting on Monday, June 5, 2017, at 10:00 a.m. Central Time in the lower level conference center at 300 North LaSalle, Chicago, Illinois 60654.

As a shareholder of UnitedHealth Group, you play an important role in our company by considering and taking action on the matters set forth in the attached proxy statement. We appreciate the time and attention you invest in making thoughtful decisions.

Attached you will find a notice of meeting and proxy statement that contain further information about the items upon which you will be asked to vote and the meeting itself, including:

- How to obtain admission to the meeting if you plan to attend; and
- Different methods you can use to vote your proxy, including by Internet, telephone and mail.

Every shareholder vote is important, and we encourage you to vote as promptly as possible. If you cannot attend the meeting in person, you may listen to the meeting via webcast. Instructions on how to access the live webcast are included in the proxy statement.

Sincerely,



Stephen J. Hemsley
Chief Executive Officer



Richard T. Burke
Chair of the Board

Notice of 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Date	June 5, 2017
Time	10:00 a.m. Central Time
Location	Lower Level Conference Center 300 North LaSalle Chicago, Illinois 60654
Record Date	April 11, 2017. Only shareholders of record of the Company's common stock at the close of business on the record date are entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, the Annual Meeting and any adjournments or postponements of the meeting.
Items of Business	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To elect the nine nominees set forth in the attached proxy statement to the Company's Board of Directors. • An advisory vote to approve the compensation paid to the Company's named executive officers as disclosed in the attached proxy statement (a "Say-on-Pay" vote). • An advisory vote regarding the frequency of holding future Say-on-Pay votes. • To ratify the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company for the year ending December 31, 2017. • To consider a shareholder proposal set forth in the attached proxy statement, if properly presented at the Annual Meeting. • To transact other business that properly may come before the Annual Meeting or any adjournments or postponements of the meeting.
Admission to the Annual Meeting	To attend the Annual Meeting, you will need to bring an admission ticket and valid photo identification. You may attend the Annual Meeting by following the procedures described under Question 7 of the "Questions and Answers About the Annual Meeting and Voting" section in the attached proxy statement.
Proxy Voting	Important. Even if you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, we still encourage you to submit your proxy by Internet, telephone or mail prior to the meeting. If you later choose to revoke your proxy or change your vote, you may do so by following the procedures described under Question 13 of the "Questions and Answers About the Annual Meeting and Voting" section in the attached proxy statement.
Webcast	You can listen to the live webcast of the Annual Meeting by logging on to our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com and clicking on "Investors" and then on the link to the webcast. See Question 10 of the "Questions and Answers About the Annual Meeting and Voting" section in the attached proxy statement.

By Order of the Board of Directors,



Dannette L. Smith
Secretary to the Board of Directors

April 21, 2017

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON JUNE 5, 2017:
The Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials, Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders, Proxy Statement and Annual Report are available at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/proxymaterials.

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>	
Proxy Summary	1	
<div style="font-size: 48pt; font-weight: bold; margin: 0;">1</div> <div style="font-size: 24pt; font-weight: bold; margin: 0;">Board of Directors</div>	Proposal 1 — Election Of Directors	6
	Director Nomination Process	6
	2017 Director Nominees	9
	Director Compensation	13
	Cash Compensation	13
	Equity-Based Compensation	14
	Stock Ownership Guidelines.....	14
	Director Deferral Plan.....	14
	Other Compensation	15
	2016 Director Compensation Table	16
<div style="font-size: 48pt; font-weight: bold; margin: 0;">2</div> <div style="font-size: 24pt; font-weight: bold; margin: 0;">Corporate Governance</div>	Overview.....	18
	Principles of Governance	20
	Code of Conduct: Our Principles of Ethics & Integrity.....	20
	Compliance and Ethics.....	20
	Director Independence	21
	Independent Board Leadership	22
	Risk Oversight	23
	Board Meetings and Annual Meeting Attendance.....	24
	Board Committees	24
	Communication with the Board of Directors	27
<div style="font-size: 48pt; font-weight: bold; margin: 0;">3</div> <div style="font-size: 24pt; font-weight: bold; margin: 0;">Executive Compensation</div>	Executive Summary	28
	Compensation Discussion and Analysis	30
	Compensation Committee Report.....	48
	Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation.....	48
	2016 Summary Compensation Table	49
	2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards.....	52
	Outstanding Equity Awards at 2016 Fiscal Year-End.....	55
	2016 Option Exercises and Stock Vested	56
	2016 Pension Benefits	58
	2016 Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation	59
	Executive Employment Agreements.....	60
	Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control	64
	Proposal 2 — Advisory Approval of the Company’s Executive Compensation	66
	Proposal 3 — Advisory Approval Regarding the Frequency of Holding Future Say-on-Pay Votes	67

	<u>Page</u>
<div style="background-color: #1a3d54; color: white; padding: 20px; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; margin-bottom: 10px;">4</div> <div style="background-color: #1a3d54; color: white; padding: 5px; font-weight: bold;">Audit Committee Matters</div>	Audit Committee Report 68
	Disclosure of Fees Paid to Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm .. 70
	Audit Committee's Consideration of Independence of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm 70
	Audit and Non-Audit Services Approval Policy..... 70
	Proposal 4 — Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm 71
<div style="background-color: #1a3d54; color: white; padding: 20px; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; margin-bottom: 10px;">5</div> <div style="background-color: #1a3d54; color: white; padding: 5px; font-weight: bold;">Annual Meeting</div>	Proposal 5 — Shareholder Proposal Regarding Lobbying Disclosure 72
	Questions and Answers About the Annual Meeting and Voting 76
	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management 84
	Householding Notice 86
	Other Matters at Meeting 86
<div style="background-color: #1a3d54; color: white; padding: 20px; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; margin-bottom: 10px;">6</div> <div style="background-color: #1a3d54; color: white; padding: 5px; font-weight: bold;">Other Information</div>	Certain Relationships and Transactions 87
	Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance..... 90
<hr/>	
Appendix A — Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures	91

Proxy Summary

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this proxy statement. We encourage you to review the entire proxy statement. This proxy statement and our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2016 are first being mailed to the Company's shareholders and made available on the Internet at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/proxymaterials on or about April 21, 2017. Website addresses included throughout this proxy statement are for reference only. The information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this proxy statement.

Business Results

We are a diversified health and well-being company whose mission is to help people live healthier lives and to help make the health system work better for everyone. We achieved strong business results in 2016, including:

- Revenues increased 17.7% to \$184.8 billion from \$157.1 billion in 2015;
- Operating earnings increased 17.3% year-over-year to \$12.9 billion, and net earnings attributable to UnitedHealth Group common shareholders increased to over \$7 billion and were supported by cash flows from operations of \$9.8 billion;
- Adjusted earnings per share¹ increased 24.8% to \$8.05 per share from \$6.45 per share in 2015;
- Return on equity exceeded 19% in 2016;
- Total shareholder return, which is defined as the increase in stock price, together with dividends paid, was 38% in 2016 and 120% over the 2014-2016 time period;
- Our annual cash dividend rate increased to \$2.50 per share, paid quarterly, representing a 25% increase over the annual cash dividend rate of \$2.00 per share paid quarterly since the second quarter of 2015;
- UnitedHealth Group was the top ranking company in the insurance and managed care sector on *Fortune's* 2017 "World's Most Admired Companies" list, based on 2016 results. This is the seventh consecutive year UnitedHealth Group has ranked No. 1 overall in its sector;
- UnitedHealth Group was named to both the Dow Jones Sustainability World and North America Indices for the 18th consecutive year;
- In 2016, three UnitedHealth Group directors were included in the list of top ten directors in *The Street* article, "Here Are the 10 Directors You Want on Your Company's Board;"
- Ms. Hooper was included in *Savoy* magazine's 2016 Most Influential Black Corporate Directors and Dr. Wilensky was included in the 2016 NACD Director 100 list of the most influential people in the boardroom; and
- UnitedHealth Group was recognized for 2016 as a "Winning 'W' Company" by *2020 Women on Boards* for having 20% of our Board seats held by women.

¹ Adjusted earnings per share is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to Appendix A in this proxy statement for a reconciliation of adjusted earnings per share to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Corporate Governance

UnitedHealth Group is committed to meeting high standards of ethical behavior, corporate governance and business conduct in everything we do, every day. This commitment has led us to implement many governance best practices, including the following:

- *Board Structure and Composition* — Our directors are elected annually by a majority vote of our shareholders. We have an independent Chair of our Board of Directors, and nine of our ten directors are independent.
- *Nominating Advisory Committee* — Our Nominating Advisory Committee, comprised of long-term shareholders of the Company and a member of the medical community, provides our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (the “Nominating Committee”) with additional input regarding desirable characteristics of director candidates and the composition of our Board.
- *Proxy Access* — A shareholder or group of shareholders who have owned at least 3% of our common stock for at least three years, and who complies with specified procedural and disclosure requirements, may include in our proxy materials shareholder-nominated director candidates for up to 20% of the Board.
- *Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) Succession Planning* — Our succession plan, which is reviewed annually by our Board of Directors, addresses both an unexpected loss of our CEO and longer-term succession.
- *Stock Ownership Guidelines* — Each of our executive officers and directors were in compliance with our stock ownership guidelines as of March 14, 2017. Mr. Hemsley, our CEO, owned shares equal to 424 times his base salary as of March 14, 2017.
- *Stock Retention Policy* — We generally require executive officers to hold, for at least one year, one-third of the net shares acquired upon vesting or exercise of any equity award. Our directors are required to hold all equity awards granted until completion of service on the Board, or until they have met our stock ownership requirements.
- *Clawback Policy* — We have adopted a clawback policy that entitles the Board of Directors to seek reimbursement from our senior executives if they are involved in fraud or misconduct that causes a material restatement or in the event of a senior executive’s violation of non-compete, non-solicit or confidentiality provisions.
- *Independent Compensation Consultant* — Our Compensation and Human Resources Committee (the “Compensation Committee”) uses an independent compensation consultant that performs no consulting or other services for the Company.
- *Political Contributions Disclosure* — We publicly disclose our political contributions and public advocacy efforts and the contributions of our federal and state political action committees.
- *Environmental Policy* — We seek to minimize our environmental impact and to heighten our employees’ awareness of the importance of the environment.
- *Short Selling and Hedging Transactions in Company Securities* — Our insider trading policy prohibits all directors, executive officers and employees from engaging in short sales and hedging transactions relating to our common stock, and requires advance approval of the Compensation Committee of any pledging of common stock by directors, executive officers and other members of management.
- *Absence of Rights Plan* — We do not have a shareholder rights plan, commonly referred to as a “poison pill.”

See the “Corporate Governance” portion of this proxy statement for further information on our governance practices.

Enterprise-Wide Risk Oversight

Our Board of Directors, assisted by its committees, oversees management's enterprise-wide risk management activities. Risk management activities include assessing and taking actions necessary to mitigate and manage risk incurred in connection with the long-term strategic direction and operation of our business.

Executive Compensation

Our executive compensation program uses a mix of base salary, annual and long-term cash incentives, equity awards and broad-based benefits to attract and retain highly qualified executives and maintain a strong relationship between executive pay and Company performance. Shareholders expressed strong support for our executive compensation program at our 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, with more than 96% of the votes cast in favor of our Say-on-Pay proposal.

Our Overall Compensation Program Principles

- *Pay-for-performance* — A substantial portion of the total compensation of our executive officers is earned based on achievement of enterprise-wide goals that drive shareholder value.
- *Enhance the value of the business* — Incentive compensation is designed to grow and sustain the longer-term value of the Company and avoid excessive risk-taking.
- *Reward long-term growth and focus management on sustained success and shareholder value creation* — Compensation of our executive officers is weighted toward equity awards that encourage sustained performance and drive shareholder returns.
- *Standard benefits and very limited perquisites* — We provide standard employee benefits and very limited perquisites to our executive officers.

Summary of Compensation Paid to Stephen Hemsley, our CEO, in 2016

- *Base salary* — \$1.3 million, which is unchanged since 2006.
- *Cash incentive awards* — Annual cash incentive award of \$4 million and long-term cash incentive award of \$908,500, which reflect the Company's performance against pre-set goals and continued strong leadership by Mr. Hemsley.
- *Equity awards* — Performance shares with a target grant date fair value of \$4.675 million, restricted stock units with a grant date fair value of \$2.337 million and stock options with a grant date fair value of \$2.337 million.
- *Company matching contributions* — \$133,425 under our 401(k) and executive savings plan.

Information regarding compensation paid to each of our named executive officers in 2016 is described in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section.

Strong Governance Standards in Oversight of Executive Compensation Policies

We maintain strong governance standards in the oversight of our executive compensation policies and practices, including:

- No excise tax gross-ups and very limited perquisites.
- Performance-based compensation arrangements, including performance-based equity awards, that use a variety of performance measures, with different measures used for annual and long-term plans.
- Double-trigger change in control arrangements for equity grants.
- Our 2011 Stock Incentive Plan prohibits the repricing of stock options and stock appreciation rights without shareholder approval.
- Annual advisory shareholder votes to approve the Company's executive compensation.
- Stock ownership guidelines requiring executive officers to beneficially own specified amounts of the Company's common stock within five years of their appointment as an executive officer.
- A stock retention policy requiring executive officers to hold, for at least one year, one-third of the net shares acquired upon vesting or exercise of any equity award.
- A clawback policy entitling the Board of Directors to seek reimbursement from senior executives if they are involved in fraud or misconduct that causes a material restatement or in the event of a senior executive's violation of non-compete, non-solicit or confidentiality provisions.

Voting Matters and Vote Recommendations

Proposal	Board Recommendation	Reasons for Recommendation	More Information
1 Election of nine directors	FOR	The Board and Nominating Committee believe that the nine Board candidates possess the experience, skills, attributes and diversity to effectively monitor performance, provide oversight and advise management on the Company's strategy.	Page 6
2 Advisory Approval of the Company's Executive Compensation (a "Say-on-Pay" vote)	FOR	Our executive compensation program is designed to attract and retain highly qualified executives and to maintain a strong link between pay and the achievement of enterprise-wide goals. We emphasize and reward teamwork and collaboration among executive officers, which we believe fosters Company growth and performance, optimizes the use of enterprise-wide capabilities, drives efficiencies and integrates products and services for the benefit of our customers and other stakeholders.	Page 66
3 Advisory Vote Regarding the Frequency of Holding Future Say-on-Pay Votes	EVERY YEAR	The Board believes holding an annual advisory Say-on-Pay vote is a best practice, consistent with our current practice and consistent with our policy of seeking regular input from shareholders on corporate governance and executive compensation matters.	Page 67
4 Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	FOR	Based on the Audit Committee's assessment of Deloitte & Touche's qualifications and performance, it believes their retention for fiscal year 2017 is in the best interests of the Company.	Page 71
5 Shareholder Proposal Regarding Lobbying Disclosure	AGAINST	The Board does not believe the proposal is in the best interests of the Company or our shareholders and is redundant to existing comprehensive state and federal public disclosure requirements.	Page 72

1 Board of Directors

2 Corporate Governance

3 Executive Compensation

4 Audit Committee Matters

5 Annual Meeting

6 Other Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Proposal 1 — Election of Directors

Director Nomination Process

Criteria for Nomination to the Board

The Nominating Committee analyzes, on an annual basis, director skills and attributes, and recommends to the Board of Directors appropriate individuals for nomination as Board members.

The Nominating Committee developed and maintains a skills matrix to assist it in considering the appropriate balance of experience, skills and attributes required of a director and to be represented on the Board as a whole. The skills matrix is based on the Company's strategic plan and is regularly reviewed and updated by the Nominating Committee. The key features of the skills matrix are also discussed with members of our Nominating Advisory Committee and their feedback is considered by the Nominating Committee when it updates the skills matrix. The Nominating Committee evaluates Board candidates against the skills matrix when determining whether to recommend candidates for initial election to the Board and when determining whether to recommend currently serving directors for reelection to the Board.

The skills matrix has two sections — a list of core criteria that every member of the Board should meet and a list of skills and attributes to be represented collectively on the Board. The following are core director criteria that should be satisfied by each director or nominee:

- Independence under the Company's Standards for Director Independence and New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") listing requirements, subject to waiver by the Nominating Committee;
- Service on no more than three public company boards other than the Company;
- High integrity and ethical standards;
- Standing and reputation in the individual's field;
- Risk oversight ability with respect to the particular skills of the individual director;
- Understanding of and experience with complex public companies or like organizations; and
- Ability to work collegially and collaboratively with other directors and management.

Each of our director nominees has satisfied all the core director criteria set forth in the skills matrix, except that Mr. Hemsley is not an independent director because he is our CEO.

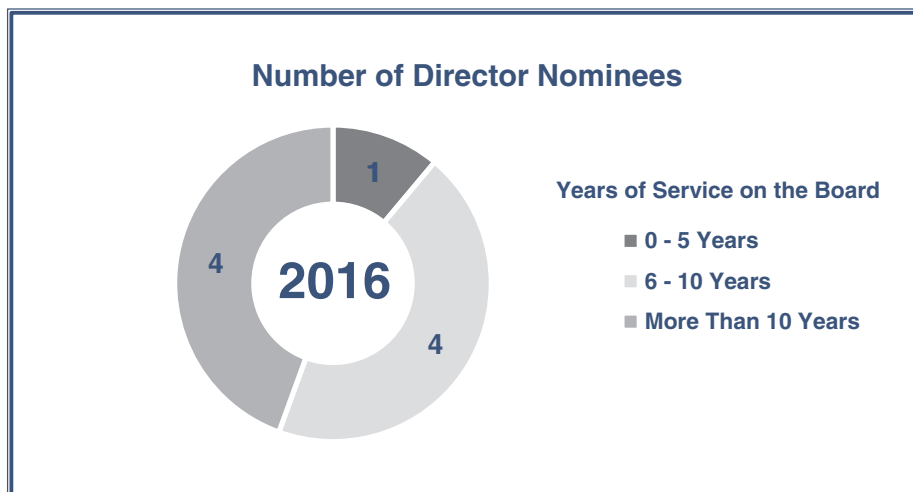
1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
-----------------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

The skills matrix provides further that the Board as a whole should represent a diverse group and have expertise in the substantive areas included in the following table, which also indicates the director nominees with expertise in each area.

	Ballard	Burke	Flynn	Hemsley	Hooper	Lawson	Renwick	Shine	Wilensky
Corporate Governance	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
Finance	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Health Care Industry	•	•		•	•		•	•	•
Direct Consumer Markets			•			•	•		
Social Media/Marketing						•	•		
Diversity					•	•	•		•
Experience with Large Complex Organizations	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Technology/Business Processes	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Clinical Practice								•	
Political/Health Care Policy/Regulatory	•	•		•			•	•	•
Capital Markets	•	•	•	•		•	•		

The lack of a • for a particular area does not mean that the director does not possess that qualification, skill or experience. We look to each director to be knowledgeable in these areas; however, the • indicates that the area is a specific qualification, skill or experience that the director brings to the Board.

Our Nominating Committee strives to maintain a balance of tenure on the Board. Long-serving directors bring valuable experience with our Company and familiarity with the successes achieved and challenges it has faced over the years, while newer directors bring fresh perspectives and ideas. Tenure of the nine director nominees is as follows:



1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Board Diversity

UnitedHealth Group embraces and encourages a culture of diversity and inclusion. We believe that valuing diversity makes good business sense and helps to ensure our future success. Diversity is included as one of the collective attributes in our director skills matrix. Our Board has not adopted a formal definition of diversity.

Our Board assesses its overall effectiveness through an annual evaluation process. This evaluation includes, among other things, an assessment of the overall composition of the Board, including the diversity of its members.

Although the Board does not establish specific goals with respect to diversity, the Board's overall diversity is a consideration in the director nomination process. For this year's election, the Board has nominated nine individuals; all are incumbent nominees who collectively bring tremendous diversity to the Board. Each nominee is a strategic thinker and has varying, specialized experience in the areas that are relevant to the Company and its businesses. Moreover, their collective experience covers a wide range of geographies and industries, including health care, insurance, consumer products, technology and financial services, including roles in academia and government. The nine director nominees range in age from 60 to 82 and two of the nine director nominees are women; one is African American; and two are citizens of other countries, specifically New Zealand and the United Kingdom.

Nominating Advisory Committee

The Board of Directors formed the Nominating Advisory Committee in 2006 to provide the Nominating Committee with additional input from shareholders and others regarding desirable characteristics of director candidates and the composition of the Board of Directors. The Nominating Committee considers, but is not bound by, input provided by the Nominating Advisory Committee. The Nominating Advisory Committee currently includes four individuals affiliated with long-term shareholders of the Company and one individual who is a member of the medical community. Members of the Nominating Advisory Committee do not receive any compensation from the Company for serving on the Nominating Advisory Committee. The Nominating Advisory Committee met twice in 2016. A description of the Nominating Advisory Committee, including a description of how the members of the committee are nominated and selected, can be found on our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com.

Process for Identifying and Evaluating Nominees; Shareholder Recommendations for Director Candidates

In assessing current directors for potential re-nomination, the Nominating Committee reviews the directors' overall performance on the Board of Directors and other relevant factors, including the factors listed above under "Criteria for Nomination to the Board." All of the director nominees were elected by our shareholders at the 2016 Annual Meeting except for Mr. Flynn, who was appointed unanimously by the Board in January 2017. With respect to that appointment, the Nominating Committee considered a number of potential candidates and Mr. Flynn emerged as the finalist due to his overall skill set and experience. Prior to his appointment, Mr. Flynn's profile was discussed with the members of our shareholder Nominating Advisory Committee, which was uniformly supportive and positive.

In considering potential candidates for election to the Board, the Nominating Committee, with input from the full Board of Directors, assesses the potential candidate's qualifications and how these qualifications fit with the desired composition of the Board of Directors as a whole. The Nominating Committee considers views expressed by members of the Nominating Advisory Committee and other shareholders regarding skill sets that would be valuable

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

for a new director to possess. The Nominating Committee has an outside firm on retainer to assist in identifying and evaluating director candidates. The Nominating Committee will also consider recommendations submitted by shareholders for director candidates. Recommendations should be directed to the Secretary to the Board of Directors. None of the Company's shareholders recommended candidates for the Board of Directors in connection with the 2017 Annual Meeting.

Shareholder Director Candidates for Inclusion in our Proxy Statement (Proxy Access)

Our Bylaws provide a shareholder or group of shareholders (of up to 20) who have owned at least 3% of our common stock for at least three years the ability to include in our proxy statement shareholder-nominated director candidates for up to 20% of the Board. To be eligible to use this right, the shareholder(s) and the candidate(s) must satisfy the requirements specified in our Bylaws. Our Bylaws are available at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/About/CorporateGovernance.aspx. For the 2018 Annual Meeting, director nominations submitted under these Bylaw provisions must be received at our principal executive offices, directed to the Secretary to the Board of Directors, no earlier than November 22, 2017 and no later than December 22, 2017.

Shareholder Nominations of Director Candidates at a Meeting

Our shareholders may also nominate candidates for election to the Board of Directors from the floor of our Annual Meeting of Shareholders, instead of including the director candidate in our proxy statement, only by submitting timely written notice to the Secretary to the Board in accordance with our Bylaws. The notice must include the information required by our Bylaws, which are available at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/About/CorporateGovernance.aspx. For the 2018 Annual Meeting, this notice must be received at our principal executive offices, directed to the Secretary to the Board of Directors, no earlier than February 5, 2018 and no later than March 7, 2018.

2017 Director Nominees

Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws provide that each member of our Board of Directors is elected annually by a majority of votes cast if the election is uncontested. The Board of Directors has nominated the nine directors set forth below for election by the shareholders at the 2017 Annual Meeting. All of the director nominees were elected by our shareholders at the 2016 Annual Meeting except for Mr. Flynn, who was appointed unanimously by the Board in January 2017. All of the nominees have informed the Board that they are willing to serve as directors if elected. If any nominee should decline or become unable to serve as a director for any reason, the persons named as proxies will elect a replacement. After ten years of exceptional service, Mr. Darretta is not standing for election at the 2017 Annual Meeting.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR the election of each of the nominees. Executed proxies will be voted FOR the election of each nominee unless you specify otherwise.

Name	Age	Director Since
William C. Ballard, Jr.	76	1993
Richard T. Burke	73	1977
Timothy P. Flynn	60	2017
Stephen J. Hemsley	64	2000
Michele J. Hooper	65	2007
Rodger A. Lawson	70	2011
Glenn M. Renwick	61	2008
Kenneth I. Shine, M.D.	82	2009
Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.	73	1993

The director nominees, if elected, will serve until the 2018 Annual Meeting or until their successors are elected and qualified. Following is a brief biographical description of each director nominee. A table listing the areas of expertise in the skills matrix that are held by each director and that, in part, led the Board to conclude that each respective director should continue to serve as a member of the Board is included on page 7.

William C. Ballard, Jr.

Director since 1993

Mr. Ballard served as Of Counsel to Bingham Greenebaum Doll LLP (formerly Greenebaum Doll & McDonald PLLC), a law firm in Louisville, Kentucky, from 1992 until 2008. In 1992, Mr. Ballard retired from Humana, Inc., a company operating managed health care facilities, after serving with Humana in various roles for 22 years, including as the Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) and a director. In the past five years, he also served as a director of Welltower, Inc. (formerly Health Care REIT, Inc.).

Richard T. Burke

Director since 1977

Mr. Burke is Chair of the Board of Directors of UnitedHealth Group, has been a member of our Board since 1977, and was CEO of UnitedHealthcare, Inc., our predecessor corporation, until 1988. From 1995 until 2001, Mr. Burke was the owner, CEO and Governor of the Phoenix Coyotes, a National Hockey League team. Mr. Burke currently serves as a director of Meritage Homes Corporation.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
-----------------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Timothy P. Flynn

Director since 2017

Mr. Flynn was the Chairman of KPMG International (“KPMG”), a global professional services organization that provides audit, tax, and advisory services, from 2007 until his retirement in October 2011. From 2005 until 2010, he served as Chairman and from 2005 to 2008 as Chief Executive Officer of KPMG LLP in the U.S., the largest individual member firm of KPMG. Prior to serving as Chairman and CEO of KPMG LLP, Mr. Flynn was Vice Chairman, Audit and Risk Advisory Services, with operating responsibility for Audit, Risk Advisory and Financial Advisory Services practices. He has been a director of the International Integrated Reporting Council since September 2015, and he previously served as a trustee of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, a member of the World Economic Forum’s International Business Council, and was a founding member of The Prince of Wales’ International Integrated Reporting Committee. Mr. Flynn currently serves as a director of Alcoa, JPMorgan Chase & Co. and Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. He served as a member of the board of directors of The Chubb Corporation from September 2013 until its acquisition in January 2016.

Stephen J. Hemsley

Director since 2000

Mr. Hemsley is CEO of UnitedHealth Group and has served in that capacity since 2006. He has been a member of the Board of Directors since 2000. Mr. Hemsley joined the Company in 1997 as Senior Executive Vice President and became Chief Operating Officer in 1998. Mr. Hemsley served as President and Chief Operating Officer from 1999 to 2006 and as President and CEO from 2006 to November 2014. Mr. Hemsley currently serves as a director of Cargill, Inc.

Michele J. Hooper

Director since 2007

Ms. Hooper is President and CEO of The Directors’ Council, a private company she co-founded in 2003 that works with corporate boards to increase their independence, effectiveness and diversity. She was President and CEO of Voyager Expanded Learning, a developer and provider of learning programs and teacher training for public schools, from 1999 until 2000. Prior to that, she was President and CEO of Stadlander Drug Company, Inc., a provider of disease-specific pharmaceutical care, from 1998 until Stadlander was acquired in 1999. Ms. Hooper is a nationally recognized corporate governance expert. Ms. Hooper currently serves as a director of PPG Industries, Inc.

Rodger A. Lawson

Director since 2011

Mr. Lawson currently serves as Executive Chair of the Board of Directors of E*TRADE Financial Corporation, a financial services company, and has served in that capacity since September 2016. Mr. Lawson previously served as Chair of the Board of E*TRADE from May 2014 to September 2016. Prior to joining E*TRADE, Mr. Lawson was President of Fidelity, a mutual fund and financial services company, from 2007 to 2010. Prior to joining Fidelity, Mr. Lawson was Vice Chairman of Prudential Financial from 2002 to 2007 where he was responsible for the International Operating Division and for Global Marketing Communications. Mr. Lawson served as Executive Vice President of Prudential from 1996 to 2002. Prior to joining Prudential, Mr. Lawson was President and CEO of VanEck Global from 1994 to 1996. Mr. Lawson was Managing Director and Partner-in-Charge of Private Global Banking and Mutual Funds at Bankers Trust from 1992 to 1994. Mr. Lawson was a Managing Director and CEO at Fidelity Investments-Retail from 1985 to 1991, and President and CEO at Dreyfus Service Corporation from 1982 to 1985.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
-----------------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Glenn M. Renwick

Director since 2008

Mr. Renwick is Executive Chair of the Board of Directors of The Progressive Corporation, an auto insurance holding company, and has served in that capacity since July 2016. Mr. Renwick previously served as Chair of the Board of Progressive from 2013 to 2016 and as President and CEO of Progressive from 2001 to 2016. Before being named President and CEO in 2001, Mr. Renwick served as CEO-Insurance Operations and Business Technology Process Leader at Progressive from 1998 to 2000. Prior to that, he led Progressive’s Consumer Marketing group and served as President of various divisions within Progressive. Mr. Renwick joined Progressive in 1986 as Auto Product Manager for Florida. Mr. Renwick also currently serves as a director of Fiserv, Inc.

Kenneth I Shine, M.D.

Director since 1993

Dr. Shine has been Professor of Medicine at the Dell Medical School within the University of Texas System (the “UT System”), which consists of nine academic campuses and six health institutions, since June 2015. He served as the Special Advisor to the Chancellor for Health Affairs of the UT System from September 2013 to June 2015, as Executive Vice Chancellor for Health Affairs of the UT System from 2003 to September 2013, and as interim Chancellor of the UT System from 2008 to February 2009. Dr. Shine served as President of the Institute of Medicine at the National Academy of Sciences from 1992 until 2002. From 1993 until 2003, Dr. Shine served as a Clinical Professor of Medicine at the Georgetown University School of Medicine. From 1971 until 1992, Dr. Shine served in several positions at the University of California at Los Angeles School of Medicine, with his final position being Dean and Provost, Medical Sciences, and he continues to hold the position of Professor of Medicine Emeritus. Dr. Shine also served as Chair of the Council of Deans of the Association of American Medical Colleges from 1991 until 1992 and as President of the American Heart Association from 1985 until 1986. He is a nationally recognized cardiologist.

Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.

Director since 1993

Dr. Wilensky has been a senior fellow at Project HOPE, an international health foundation, since 1993. From 2008 to 2009, Dr. Wilensky was President of the Department of Defense Health Board and chaired its sub-committee on health care delivery. From 2006 to 2008, Dr. Wilensky co-chaired the Department of Defense Task Force on the Future of Military Health Care. During 2007 she also served as a commissioner on the President’s Commission on Care for America’s Returning Wounded Warriors. From 2001 to 2003, she was the Co-Chair of the President’s Task Force to Improve Health Care for our Nation’s Veterans. From 1997 to 2001, she was also Chair of the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission. From 1992 to 1993, Dr. Wilensky served as the Deputy Assistant to President George H. W. Bush for policy development, and from 1990 to 1992, she was the Administrator of the Health Care Financing Administration (now known as the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services) directing the Medicaid and Medicare programs for the United States. Dr. Wilensky is a nationally recognized health care economist. Dr. Wilensky currently serves as a director of Quest Diagnostics Incorporated.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Director Compensation

Our director compensation and benefit program is designed to compensate our non-employee directors fairly for work required for a company of our size and scope and to align their interests with the long-term interests of our shareholders. Director compensation reflects our desire to attract, retain and use the expertise of highly qualified people serving on the Company's Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee reviews the compensation level of our non-employee directors on an annual basis and makes recommendations to the Board of Directors. In August 2016, the Compensation Committee, with the advice of its independent compensation consultant, undertook an annual review of the structure and philosophy of the director compensation program. This review analyzed the structure and the overall level and mix of compensation delivered by the Company's director compensation program as compared to the Company's general industry peer group and also the four large publicly traded managed health care companies. Following this review, the Compensation Committee recommended, and the Board approved, an increase effective as of October 1, 2016 to the annual cash retainer paid to the chairs of the Nominating Committee and Public Policy Committee from \$15,000 to \$20,000. The Compensation Committee's recommendations, and the Board's subsequent approval, were made after considering the results of the market practices review and the complexity of the Company's structure and operations.

The following table highlights the material elements of our director compensation program:

Compensation Element	Compensation Value
Annual Cash Retainer	\$125,000
Annual Audit Committee Chair Cash Retainer	\$ 25,000
Annual Compensation Committee Chair Cash Retainer	\$ 20,000
Annual Nominating Committee Chair Cash Retainer	\$ 20,000*
Annual Public Policy Committee Chair Cash Retainer	\$ 20,000*
Annual Board Chair Cash Retainer	\$300,000
Annual Equity Award	\$175,000 aggregate fair value of deferred stock units
Equity Conversion Program	At the director's election, cash compensation may be converted into DSUs, or if the director has met the stock ownership guidelines, into common stock

* Effective October 1, 2016, the annual retainer was increased from \$15,000 to \$20,000.

Cash Compensation

Cash retainers are payable on a quarterly basis in arrears on the first business day following the end of each fiscal quarter, and subject to pro rata adjustment if the director did not serve the entire quarter. Directors may elect to receive deferred stock units ("DSUs") or common stock (if the director has met the stock ownership guidelines) in lieu of their cash compensation or may defer receipt of their cash compensation to a later date pursuant to the Directors' Compensation Deferral Plan ("Director Deferral Plan").

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Equity-Based Compensation

Non-employee directors receive annual grants of DSUs under the 2011 Stock Incentive Plan having an annual aggregate fair value of \$175,000, subject to rounding adjustments described below. The grants are in consideration of general service and responsibilities and required meeting preparation. The grants are issued quarterly in arrears on the first business day following the end of each fiscal quarter and prorated if the director did not serve the entire quarter. The number of DSUs granted is determined by dividing \$43,750 (the quarterly value of the annual equity award) by the closing stock price on the grant date, rounded up to the nearest share.

The DSUs immediately vest upon grant and must be retained until completion of the director's service on the Board of Directors. Upon completion of service, the DSUs convert into an equal number of shares of the Company's common stock. A director may defer receipt of the shares for up to ten years after completion of service pursuant to the Director Deferral Plan. Non-employee directors who have met their stock ownership requirement may elect to receive common stock in lieu of DSUs and/or in-service distributions on pre-selected dates.

If a director elects to convert his or her cash compensation into common stock or DSUs, such conversion grants are made on the day the eligible cash compensation becomes payable to the director. The director receives the number of shares of common stock or DSUs, as applicable, equal to the cash compensation foregone, divided by the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant, rounded up to the nearest share. The DSUs immediately vest upon grant. A director may only elect to receive common stock if he or she has met the stock ownership guidelines.

The Company pays dividend equivalents in the form of additional DSUs on all outstanding DSUs. Dividend equivalents are paid at the same rate and at the same time that dividends are paid to Company shareholders and are subject to the same vesting conditions as the underlying grant.

Stock Ownership Guidelines

Under our stock ownership guidelines, we require non-employee directors to achieve ownership of shares of the Company's common stock (excluding stock options, but including vested DSUs and vested restricted stock units) having a fair market value equal to five times the directors' annual base cash retainer. Non-employee directors must comply with the stock ownership guidelines within five years of their appointment to the Board of Directors. All of our non-employee directors have met the stock ownership requirement or have served as a director for less than five years.

Director Deferral Plan

Under the Director Deferral Plan, subject to compliance with applicable laws, non-employee directors may elect annually to defer receipt of all or a percentage of their compensation. Amounts deferred are credited to a bookkeeping account maintained for each director participant that uses a collection of unaffiliated mutual funds as measuring investments. Subject to certain additional rules set forth in the Director Deferral Plan, a participating director may elect to receive the distribution in one of the following ways:

- a series of five or ten annual installments following the completion of his or her service on the Board of Directors;

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

- a delayed lump sum following either the fifth or tenth anniversary of the completion of his or her service on the Board of Directors;
- for cash deferrals, an immediate lump sum upon the completion of his or her service on the Board of Directors; or
- pre-selected amounts to be distributed on pre-selected dates while the director remains a member of the Board of Directors.

The Director Deferral Plan does not provide for matching contributions by the Company.

Other Compensation

We reimburse directors for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with service as a director. We also provide health care coverage to directors but only if the director is not eligible for coverage under another group health care benefit program. Health care coverage is provided generally on the same terms and conditions as current employees. Upon retirement from the Board of Directors, directors may continue to obtain health care coverage under benefit continuation coverage, and after the lapse of such coverage, under the Company's post-employment medical plan for up to a total of 96 months if they are otherwise eligible.

The Company maintains a program through which it will match up to \$15,000 of charitable donations made by each director for each calendar year. The directors do not receive any financial benefit from this program because the charitable income tax deductions accrue solely to the Company. Donations under the program may not be made to family trusts, partnerships or similar organizations.

Our corporate aircraft use policy prohibits personal use of corporate aircraft by any director. Because there is essentially no incremental cost to the Company, however, the policy does permit a director's family member to accompany the director on a business flight on Company aircraft provided a seat is available.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

2016 Director Compensation Table

The following table provides summary information for the year ended December 31, 2016 relating to compensation paid to or accrued by us on behalf of our non-employee directors who served in this capacity during 2016. Mr. Hemsley is an employee director and does not receive additional compensation for serving as a director. Dr. Bueno, an employee director who passed away in February 2017, also did not receive compensation in 2016. Mr. Flynn did not serve as a director until January 2017.

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Option Awards (\$) ⁽³⁾	Change in Pension Value and Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$) ⁽⁴⁾	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽⁵⁾	Total (\$)
William C. Ballard, Jr.	125,000	175,142	—	—	18,000	318,142
Richard T. Burke	425,000	175,142	—	—	24,632	624,774
Robert J. Darretta	—	300,234	—	—	—	300,234
Michele J. Hooper	140,000	175,142	—	—	18,490	333,632
Rodger A. Lawson	145,000	175,142	—	—	24,642	344,784
Glenn M. Renwick	—	325,189	—	—	18,000	343,189
Kenneth I. Shine, M.D.	125,000	175,142	—	—	18,000	318,142
Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.	140,000	175,280	—	—	18,000	333,280

- (1) Mr. Darretta converted his \$125,000 cash compensation into 957 DSUs, and Mr. Renwick converted his \$150,000 cash compensation into 1,148 DSUs.
- (2) The amounts reported reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of the stock awards granted in 2016 computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, based on the closing stock price on the grant date. The amounts reported include for each director the aggregate grant date fair value of the annual equity award of DSUs granted in quarterly installments. The amounts reflect the value of fractional shares issued with the quarterly installments as we round equity grants up to the nearest whole share. For Messrs. Darretta and Renwick, we combined the cash compensation they elected to convert into DSUs on a quarterly basis and the value of the quarterly DSU grant prior to determining the number of DSUs to be granted each quarter. For 2016, Dr. Shine elected that all of his, and Dr. Wilensky elected that a portion of her, annual DSU awards be granted in shares of common stock.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

The aggregate grant date fair values of the stock awards granted in 2016, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 based on the closing stock price on the grant date, are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>January 4, 2016 (\$)</u>	<u>April 1, 2016 (\$)</u>	<u>July 1, 2016 (\$)</u>	<u>October 3, 2016 (\$)</u>
William C. Ballard, Jr.	43,789	43,783	43,807	43,763
Richard T. Burke	43,789	43,783	43,807	43,763
Robert J. Darretta*	75,000	75,094	75,078	75,062
Michele J. Hooper	43,789	43,783	43,807	43,763
Rodger A. Lawson	43,789	43,783	43,807	43,763
Glenn M. Renwick*	81,289	81,330	81,276	81,294
Kenneth I. Shine, M.D.	43,789	43,783	43,807	43,763
Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.	43,789	43,783	43,807	43,901

* Includes the value of DSUs issued upon conversion of annual cash retainers as described in footnote 1 above of \$125,000 for Mr. Darretta and \$150,000 for Mr. Renwick.

As of December 31, 2016, our non-employee directors held outstanding DSU awards as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Deferred Stock Units</u>
William C. Ballard, Jr.	20,820
Richard T. Burke	20,820
Robert J. Darretta	38,683
Michele J. Hooper	27,300
Rodger A. Lawson	19,271
Glenn M. Renwick	39,750
Kenneth I. Shine, M.D.	28,422
Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.	20,075

- (3) The Company did not grant stock option awards to directors in 2016. As of December 31, 2016, our non-employee directors held outstanding (and unexercised) stock option awards as follows: Mr. Ballard — 50,000 stock options; Mr. Burke — 60,750 stock options; Mr. Darretta — 56,621 stock options; Ms. Hooper — 35,000 stock options; Mr. Renwick — 33,929 stock options; and Dr. Wilensky — 56,240 stock options.
- (4) The Director Deferral Plan does not credit above-market earnings or preferential earnings to the amounts deferred. There are no measuring investments tied to Company stock performance. The measuring investments are a collection of unaffiliated mutual funds identified by the Company.
- (5) In 2016, the Company matched \$15,000 in charitable contributions made by the following directors to charitable organizations selected by the directors pursuant to the Company's Board Matching Program and also made \$3,000 contributions to charitable organizations selected by the following directors in lieu of 2015 holiday gifts: Messrs. Ballard, Burke, Lawson and Renwick; Ms. Hooper; Dr. Shine and Dr. Wilensky. In 2016, the Company also paid \$6,632, \$490 and \$6,642 in health care premiums on behalf of Mr. Burke, Ms. Hooper and Mr. Lawson, respectively.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Overview

UnitedHealth Group is committed to high standards of corporate governance and ethical business conduct. Important documents reflecting this commitment are listed below.

Corporate Governance Documents

- | | |
|---|---|
| ✓ Certificate of Incorporation | ✓ Code of Conduct: Our Principles of Ethics & Integrity |
| ✓ Bylaws | ✓ Related-Person Transactions Approval Policy |
| ✓ Principles of Governance | ✓ Board of Directors Communication Policy |
| ✓ Board of Directors Committee Charters | ✓ Political Contributions Policy |
| ✓ Standards for Director Independence | ✓ Corporate Environmental Policy |

You can access these documents at www.unitedhealthgroup.com to learn more about our corporate governance practices. We will also provide copies of any of these documents without charge upon written request to the Company’s Secretary to the Board of Directors. Our key corporate governance practices are highlighted below.

Board Structure and Shareholder Rights

- All members of our Board of Directors are elected annually by our shareholders.
- Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that, in an uncontested election, each director must be elected by a majority vote. To address a provision in Delaware law that allows a director who has not been re-elected to remain in office until a successor is elected and qualified, we have a policy requiring any director who does not receive a greater number of votes “for” than “against” his or her election in an uncontested election to tender his or her resignation from the Board of Directors following certification of the shareholder vote.
- Our Bylaws provide eligible shareholders the right to include shareholder director nominees representing up to 20% of the Board in our proxy statement.
- Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws do not have any supermajority shareholder approval provisions.
- We have a non-executive, independent Chair of the Board. If a future Chair of the Board is not independent, a Lead Independent Director will be appointed by a majority vote of the independent directors.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Board and Board Committee Composition and Performance

- All members of our Audit Committee are “audit committee financial experts” as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).
- A non-management director may not serve on more than three public company boards of directors other than the Company.
- Our directors are required to offer their resignations upon a change in their primary careers.
- Our Board of Directors and each Board committee regularly conduct executive sessions of non-management directors. Our Chair of the Board presides over each executive session of non-management directors. Committee Chairs preside over executive sessions of their respective committees.
- Our Board of Directors and Board committees have the authority to retain independent advisors.
- Our Board of Directors and Board committees conduct performance reviews annually.
- All directors are required to complete a specified level of director training.

Guidelines and Board Policies

- Our Board of Directors has developed a CEO succession plan with input from our CEO and reviews the plan annually. The CEO succession plan has two components: one addressing an emergency or unanticipated loss of our CEO and one addressing longer-term succession. Material features of this plan include identification of Board members to lead the succession process, identification and development of internal candidates and identification of external resources necessary to ensure a successful transition.
- We maintain stock ownership and retention guidelines for directors and executive officers. See “Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Our Compensation Program — Other Compensation Practices — Executive Stock Ownership Guidelines and Stock Retention Policy,” “Director Compensation — Equity-Based Compensation” and “Director Compensation — Stock Ownership Guidelines” for further information.
- We have a related-person transactions approval policy regarding the review, approval and ratification by our Nominating Committee of all related-person transactions. See “Certain Relationships and Transactions.”
- We have a clawback policy that entitles the Board of Directors to seek reimbursement from our senior executives if they are involved in fraud or misconduct that causes a material restatement or, in the event of a senior executive’s violation of non-compete, non-solicit or confidentiality provisions. See “Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Elements of Our Compensation Program — Other Compensation Practices — Potential Impact on Compensation from Executive Misconduct/Compensation Clawbacks.”
- We have a political contributions policy that is overseen by our Public Policy Strategies and Responsibility Committee (the “Public Policy Committee”). The Company’s political contributions and public advocacy efforts and the contributions of our federal and state political action committees are disclosed on our website.
- We have an environmental policy that outlines our focus on minimizing our impact on the environment and creating a Company culture that heightens our employees’ awareness of the importance of preserving the environment and conserving energy and natural resources.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

- Our insider trading policy prohibits all directors, executive officers and employees from engaging in short sales and hedging transactions relating to our common stock, and requires advance approval of the Compensation Committee of any pledging of common stock by directors, executive officers and other members of management.
- Our Board of Directors believes that effective Board-shareholder communication strengthens the Board of Directors’ role as an active, informed and engaged fiduciary, so we have a communication policy that outlines how shareholders and other interested parties may communicate with the Board of Directors. See “Corporate Governance — Communication with the Board of Directors.”
- A Nominating Advisory Committee comprised of representatives from the shareholder and medical communities provides input into the composition of our Board of Directors.

Principles of Governance

Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, together with Delaware law and NYSE and SEC rules, govern the Company. Our Board has also adopted “Principles of Governance,” which set forth many of the practices, policies and procedures that provide the foundation for our commitment to strong corporate governance. The policies and practices covered in our Principles of Governance include shareholder rights and proxy voting; structure, composition and performance of the Board of Directors; stock ownership and retention requirements; Board of Directors operation; individual director responsibilities; and Board committees. Our Principles of Governance are reviewed at least annually by our Nominating Committee and are revised as necessary.

Code of Conduct: Our Principles of Ethics & Integrity

The Code of Conduct: Our Principles of Ethics & Integrity is posted on our website and covers our principles and policies related to business conduct, conflicts of interest, public disclosure, legal compliance, reporting and accountability, corporate opportunities, confidentiality, fair dealing and protection and proper use of Company assets. Any waiver of the Code of Conduct for the Company’s executive officers, senior financial officers or directors may be made only by the Board of Directors or a committee of the Board. We will publish any amendments to the Code of Conduct and waivers of the Code of Conduct for an executive officer or director on our website.

Compliance and Ethics

We strongly encourage employees to raise ethics and compliance concerns, including concerns about accounting, internal controls or auditing matters. We offer several channels for employees and third parties to report ethics and compliance concerns or incidents, including by telephone or online, and individuals may choose to remain anonymous in jurisdictions where anonymous reporting is permissible. We prohibit retaliatory action against any individual who in good faith raises concerns or questions regarding ethics and compliance matters or reports suspected violations. We train all employees and periodically advise them regarding the means by which they may report possible ethics or compliance issues and their affirmative responsibility to report any possible issues. In our 2016 employee survey, 97% of employees said they knew what to do if they believed unethical behavior or misconduct occurred in their work area.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Director Independence

Our Board of Directors has adopted the Company's Standards for Director Independence, which are available on our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com. The Standards for Director Independence requirements exceed the independence standards set by the NYSE.

Our Board of Directors has determined that William C. Ballard, Jr., Richard T. Burke, Robert J. Darretta, Timothy P. Flynn, Michele J. Hooper, Rodger A. Lawson, Glenn M. Renwick, Kenneth I. Shine, M.D. and Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D. are each "independent" under the NYSE rules and the Company's Standards for Director Independence and have no material relationships with the Company that would prevent the directors from being considered independent. Stephen J. Hemsley, the Company's CEO, is not an independent director.

In determining independence, the Board of Directors considered, among other factors, the business relationships between the Company and our directors and nominees, their immediate family members (as defined by the NYSE) and their affiliated companies. The Board of Directors considered whether any director or any nominee was a director, partner, significant shareholder or executive officer of an organization that has a relationship with the Company, and also considered charitable contributions that the Company or its affiliates made to organizations with which such directors or nominees are or have been associated. In particular, the Board of Directors evaluated the following relationships and determined that such relationships were in the normal course of business and did not impair the directors' ability to exercise independent judgment:

- Mr. Burke is an owner of Rainy Partners, LLC. Rainy Partners is a customer of the Company and paid the Company premiums for health insurance of approximately \$214,000 in 2016. These premiums were determined on the same terms and conditions as premiums for other comparable customers.
- Dr. Wilensky is a Senior Fellow of Project HOPE. In 2016, Project HOPE paid the Company approximately \$1.3 million for premiums for health insurance. These premiums were determined on the same terms and conditions as premiums and fees for other comparable customers. The Company paid Project HOPE approximately \$354,000 for network provider services and approximately \$150,000 in sponsorship fees for a workforce health and productivity project in 2016. The United Health Foundation donated approximately \$190,000 to Project HOPE in 2016 in support of disaster relief in Haiti and its annual fundraising gala. Total fees paid by the Company and the United Health Foundation to Project HOPE during 2016 were less than 1% of Project HOPE's total revenues for 2016. Dr. Wilensky is neither directly nor indirectly involved in these relationships.

The Board of Directors also considered relationships between the Company and organizations on which our non-employee directors or their immediate family members serve only as directors and determined that such relationships did not impair the directors' exercise of independent judgment.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Independent Board Leadership

Our Board of Directors believes that having independent Board leadership is an important component of our governance structure. As such, our Bylaws require the Company to have either an independent Chair of the Board or a Lead Independent Director. Richard T. Burke serves as our independent Chair. The Company believes the current leadership structure delineates the separate roles of managers and directors. Our CEO sets the strategic direction for the Company, working with the Board, and provides day-to-day leadership; our independent Chair of the Board leads the Board in the performance of its duties and serves as the principal liaison between the independent directors and the CEO. In addition to these overall differences in duties, our Principles of Governance outline the specific duties of the Chair of the Board or a Lead Independent Director, including:

- Chairing all meetings of the Board at which the Chair is present (Chair of the Board duty only);
- Working with the CEO on the scheduling of Board meetings and the preparation of agendas and materials for Board meetings;
- Coordinating the preparation of agendas and materials for executive sessions of the Board's non-management directors;
- Scheduling and leading the executive sessions of the Board's non-management directors;
- Defining the scope, quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between Company management and the Board that is necessary to effectively and responsibly perform their duties;
- Leading the Board process for hiring, terminating and evaluating the performance of the Company's CEO and working with the Chair of the Compensation Committee on the process for compensating and evaluating the CEO;
- Recommending outside advisors and consultants, as necessary, who report directly to the Board on Board-related issues;
- Serving as an ex-officio member of each committee and working with the Board Committee Chairs on the performance of their designated roles and responsibilities;
- Interviewing, along with the Chair of the Nominating Committee, all Board candidates and making director candidate recommendations to the Nominating Committee;
- Assisting the Board and the Company in assuring compliance with and implementation of the Company's Principles of Governance;
- Coordinating the performance evaluations of the Board and the Board committees in conjunction with the Committee Chairs and the Nominating Committee;
- Working with the Nominating Committee on the membership of Board committees; and
- Being available for communications with shareholders, as needed.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Risk Oversight

Enterprise-Wide Risk Oversight

Our Board of Directors oversees management’s enterprise-wide risk management activities. Risk management activities include assessing and taking actions necessary to manage risk incurred in connection with the long-term strategic direction and operation of our business. Each director on our Board is required to have risk oversight ability for each skill and attribute the director possesses that is reflected in the collective skills section of our director skills matrix described in “Proposal 1 — Election of Directors — Director Nomination Process — Criteria for Nomination to the Board” above. Collectively, our Board of Directors uses its committees to assist in its risk oversight function as follows:

- The Audit Committee oversees management’s internal controls and compliance activities. The Audit Committee also oversees management’s processes to identify and quantify material risks facing the Company, including risks disclosed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K. The enterprise risk management function assists the Company in identifying and assessing the Company’s material risks. The Company’s General Auditor, who reports to the Audit Committee, assists the Company in evaluating risk management controls and methodologies. The Audit Committee receives periodic reports on the enterprise risk management function. In connection with its risk oversight role, the Audit Committee regularly meets privately with representatives from the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm and the Company’s CFO, General Auditor and Chief Legal Officer;
- The Compensation Committee oversees risk associated with our compensation practices and plans;
- The Nominating Committee oversees Board processes and corporate governance-related risk; and
- The Public Policy Committee oversees risk associated with the public policy arena, including health care reform and modernization activities, political contributions, government relations, community and charitable activities and corporate social responsibility.

Our Board of Directors maintains overall responsibility for oversight of the work of its various committees by receiving regular reports from the Committee Chairs regarding their work. In addition, discussions about the Company’s strategic plan, consolidated business results, capital structure, merger and acquisition-related activities and other business discussed with the Board of Directors include a discussion of the risks associated with the particular item under consideration. Our current Board of Directors’ leadership structure separates the positions of CEO and Chair of the Board. The Board believes that this separation is appropriate for the Company at this time because it allows for a division of responsibilities and a sharing of ideas between individuals having different perspectives.

Enterprise-Wide Incentive Compensation Risk Assessment

Our Compensation Committee requested that management conduct a risk assessment of the Company’s enterprise-wide compensation programs. The risk assessment reviewed both cash incentive compensation plans and individual cash incentive awards paid in 2016 for the presence of potential design elements that could incent employees to incur excessive risk, the ratio and level of incentive to fixed compensation, the amount of manager discretion, the level of compensation expense relative to the business units’ revenues, and the presence of other design features that serve to mitigate excessive risk-taking, such as the Company’s clawback policy, stock ownership guidelines, multiple performance measures and similar features. The Compensation Committee also receives an annual report on the Company’s compliance with its equity award program controls.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

After considering the results of the risk assessment, management concluded that the level of risk associated with the Company’s enterprise-wide compensation programs is not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company. The results of the risk assessment were reviewed with the Compensation Committee at its February 2017 meeting. Please see “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” for a discussion of compensation design elements intended to mitigate excessive risk-taking by our executive officers.




















Board Meetings and Annual Meeting Attendance

Directors are expected to attend Board meetings, meetings of committees on which they serve and the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. All then-current directors attended the 2016 Annual Meeting. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Board of Directors held ten meetings. All then current directors attended at least 75% of the meetings of the Board and any Board committees of which they were members in 2016.

Board Committees

The Board of Directors has established four standing committees: the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Nominating Committee and the Public Policy Committee. These committees help the Board fulfill its responsibilities and assist the Board in making informed decisions. Each committee operates under a written charter, and evaluates its charter and conducts a committee performance evaluation annually.

The following table identifies the members of each committee as of March 14, 2017:

Director	Audit	Compensation	Nominating	Public Policy
William C. Ballard, Jr.				
Richard T. Burke*	 			
Robert J. Darretta	 			
Timothy P. Flynn				
Stephen J. Hemsley				
Michele J. Hooper	 		 	
Rodger A. Lawson		 		
Glenn M. Renwick	 			
Kenneth I. Shine, M.D.				
Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.				 

 Chairperson  Member  Financial Expert

* Mr. Burke is the Chair of the Board and an ex-officio member of the Compensation Committee and Public Policy Committee. As an ex-officio member, Mr. Burke has a standing invitation to attend each committee meeting, but does not count for quorum purposes or vote on committee matters.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Audit Committee

Meetings Held in 2016: 9

Committee Members:

Glenn M. Renwick (Chair), Richard T. Burke, Robert J. Darretta and Michele J. Hooper

Primary Responsibilities:

The Audit Committee has responsibility for the selection and retention of the independent registered public accounting firm and assists the Board of Directors by overseeing financial reporting and internal controls and public disclosure. The Audit Committee reviews and assesses the effectiveness of the Company's policies, procedures and resource commitment in the areas of compliance, ethics, privacy and data security, by interacting with personnel responsible for these functions. The Audit Committee also oversees management's processes to identify and quantify material risks facing the Company. The Audit Committee establishes procedures concerning the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters. The Audit Committee operates as a direct line of communication between the Board of Directors and our independent registered public accounting firm, as well as our internal audit, compliance and legal personnel.

Independence:

Each of the Audit Committee members is an independent director under the NYSE listing standards and the SEC rules. The Board of Directors has determined that Messrs. Renwick, Burke and Darretta and Ms. Hooper are "audit committee financial experts" as defined by the SEC rules.

Compensation Committee

Meetings Held in 2016: 5

Committee Members:

Rodger A. Lawson (Chair), William C. Ballard, Jr. and Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.

Primary Responsibilities:

The Compensation Committee is responsible for overseeing our policies and practices related to total compensation for executive officers, the administration of our incentive and equity-based plans and the risk associated with our compensation practices and plans. The Compensation Committee also establishes our employment arrangements with our CEO and other executive officers, conducts an annual performance review of the CEO, and reviews and monitors director compensation programs and the Company's stock ownership guidelines.

Independence:

Each of the Compensation Committee members is an independent director under the NYSE listing standards and the SEC rules, a non-employee director under the SEC rules and an outside director under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Internal Revenue Code").

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Nominating Committee

Meetings Held in 2016: 3

Committee Members:

Michele J. Hooper (Chair), William C. Ballard, Jr. and Richard T. Burke

Primary Responsibilities:

The Nominating Committee's duties include identifying and nominating individuals to be proposed as nominees for election as directors at each Annual Meeting or to fill Board vacancies, conducting the Board evaluation process, evaluating the categorical standards which the Board of Directors uses to determine director independence, and monitoring and evaluating corporate governance. The Nominating Committee also oversees Board processes and corporate governance-related risk.

Independence:

Each of the Nominating Committee members is an independent director under the NYSE listing standards.

Public Policy Committee

Meetings Held in 2016: 4

Committee Members:

Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D. (Chair) and Kenneth I. Shine, M.D.

Edson Bueno, M.D. served on the Public Policy Committee until his passing in February 2017.

Primary Responsibilities:

The Public Policy Committee is responsible for assisting the Board of Directors in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to the Company's public policy, health care reform and modernization activities, political contributions, government relations, community and charitable activities and corporate social responsibility. The Public Policy Committee is also responsible for overseeing the risks associated with these activities.

Independence:

Dr. Wilensky and Dr. Shine are each independent directors under the NYSE listing standards.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Communication with the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors values the input and insights of our shareholders and other interested parties and believes that effective communication strengthens the Board of Directors' role as an active, informed and engaged fiduciary. The Board of Directors has adopted a Board of Directors Communication Policy to facilitate communication between shareholders and other interested parties and the Board. Under this policy, the Board of Directors has designated the Company's Secretary to the Board of Directors as its agent to receive and review communications.

The Secretary to the Board of Directors will not forward to the directors communications received which are of a personal nature or not related to the duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors, including, without limitation, junk mail, mass mailings, business solicitations, routine customer service complaints, new product or service suggestions, and opinion survey polls. The Secretary to the Board of Directors will forward such complaints and suggestions received to the appropriate members of the Company's management.

Appropriate matters to raise in communications to the Board include:

- Board succession planning process;
- CEO succession planning process;
- Executive compensation;
- Use of capital;
- Corporate governance; and
- General Board oversight, including accounting, internal controls, auditing and other related matters.

The policy, including information on how to contact the Board of Directors, may be found in the corporate governance section of our website, www.unitedhealthgroup.com.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Executive Summary

UnitedHealth Group's compensation program is designed to attract and retain highly qualified executives and to maintain a strong link between pay and the achievement of enterprise-wide goals. We emphasize and reward teamwork and collaboration among executive officers, which we believe fosters Company growth and performance, optimizes the use of enterprise-wide capabilities, drives efficiencies and integrates products and services for the benefit of our customers and other stakeholders.

In determining 2016 executive compensation, the Compensation Committee considered the Company's strong growth, operating performance and financial results, all of which were achieved in an uncertain environment, as well as individual executive performance. Some of our key business results for 2016 were:

- Revenues increased 17.7% to \$184.8 billion from \$157.1 billion in 2015;
- Operating earnings increased 17.3% year-over-year to \$12.9 billion, and net earnings attributable to UnitedHealth Group common shareholders increased to over \$7 billion and were supported by cash flows from operations of \$9.8 billion;
- Adjusted earnings per share¹ increased 24.8% to \$8.05 per share from \$6.45 per share in 2015;
- Return on equity exceeded 19% in 2016;
- Total shareholder return, which is defined as the increase in stock price, together with dividends paid, was 38% in 2016 and 120% over the 2014-2016 time period;
- Our annual cash dividend rate increased to \$2.50 per share, paid quarterly, representing a 25% increase over the annual cash dividend rate of \$2.00 per share paid quarterly since the second quarter of 2015;
- We repurchased \$1.28 billion in stock at an average price of \$128.97 per share;
- UnitedHealth Group was the top ranking company in the insurance and managed care sector on *Fortune's* 2017 "World's Most Admired Companies" list, based on 2016 results. This is the seventh consecutive year UnitedHealth Group has ranked No. 1 overall in its sector; and
- UnitedHealth Group was named to both the Dow Jones Sustainability World and North America Indices for the 18th consecutive year.

¹ Adjusted earnings per share is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to Appendix A in this proxy statement for a reconciliation of adjusted earnings per share to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

The Compensation Committee believes that total compensation for the executive officers listed in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table (the “named executive officers” or “NEOs”) should be heavily weighted toward long-term performance-based compensation. In 2016, long-term compensation represented approximately 70% of the total mix of compensation granted to our named executive officers. The elements of compensation for our named executive officers were unchanged from 2015.

We endeavor to maintain strong governance standards in the oversight of our executive compensation programs, including the following policies and practices that were in effect during 2016:

- Performance-based compensation arrangements, including performance-based equity awards, that use a variety of performance measures, with different measures used for annual and long-term plans.
- Double-trigger accelerated vesting of time-based equity awards, requiring both a change in control and a qualifying employment termination, which is our only change in control consideration.
- No excise tax gross-ups or executive-only perquisites such as company cars, security systems or financial planning.
- A compensation clawback policy that entitles the Board of Directors to seek reimbursement from our senior executives if they are involved in fraud or misconduct that causes a material restatement, or in the event of a senior executive’s violation of non-compete, non-solicit or confidentiality provisions.
- A stock retention policy that generally requires executive officers to hold, for at least one year, one-third of the net shares acquired upon vesting or exercise of any equity award.
- Stock ownership guidelines for our executive officers, each of whom complied with the applicable ownership guidelines as of March 14, 2017. Mr. Hemsley, our CEO, owned shares equal to 424 times his base salary as of March 14, 2017.
- Prohibition on repricing of stock options and stock appreciation rights without shareholder approval.
- Annual advisory shareholder vote to approve the Company’s executive compensation.
- The direct retention by the Compensation Committee of its independent compensation consultant, Pay Governance LLC, which performs no other consulting or other services for the Company.

For 2017, we eliminated our long-term performance cash plan so that going forward all long-term incentive awards will be delivered in equity.

As discussed in detail below and reflected in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table, in 2016, the Compensation Committee determined that our CEO, Mr. Hemsley, should receive the following compensation:

- Base salary of \$1.3 million, which is unchanged since 2006;
- Annual cash incentive award of \$4 million, which represents 154% of his target opportunity;
- Long-term cash incentive award of \$908,500 for the 2014-2016 performance period, which represents above target performance by the Company against pre-set 2014-2016 long-term incentive plan performance goals;
- A performance-based restricted stock unit opportunity (“performance shares”) with a target grant date fair value of \$4.675 million, restricted stock units (“RSUs”) with a grant date fair value of \$2.337 million, and non-qualified stock options with a grant date fair value of \$2.337 million; and
- Company matching contributions of \$133,425 made under the Company’s 401(k) plan and Executive Savings Plan.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Philosophy and Objectives of our Compensation Program

We seek to attract and retain highly qualified executives and establish a strong pay-for-performance alignment by linking senior management compensation to enterprise and individual performance goals. The primary objectives of our executive compensation program are to:

- Align the economic interests of our executive officers with those of our shareholders.
- Reward performance that advances our mission of helping people live healthier lives and helping to make the health system work better for everyone.
- Attract, motivate and retain highly qualified executive officers.
- Reward performance that emphasizes teamwork and close collaboration among executive officers while also recognizing individual performance.
- Reward performance that supports the Company's values.
- Foster an entrepreneurial spirit with innovative thinking and action, and effective and accountable management, and that leverages the ingenuity of our employees.

Compensation Program Principles

Our Compensation Committee uses the following principles to implement our compensation philosophy and achieve our executive compensation program objectives:

- *Pay-for-sustainable performance.* A substantial portion of the total compensation of our executive officers is earned based on achievement of enterprise-wide goals that affect shareholder value.
- *Enhance the long-term value of the business.* Our incentive compensation design and the performance measures we select encourage executive officers to focus on enhancing the longer-term value of the Company and avoid excessive risk-taking.
- *Reward long-term growth, and focus management on sustained success and shareholder value creation.* Compensation of our executive officers is heavily weighted toward long-term equity awards. These awards encourage sustained performance and positive shareholder returns.
- *Provide standard benefits and very limited perquisites.* We provide standard employee benefits and very limited perquisites to our executive officers. We generally do not have any "executive-only" benefits or perquisites, which we believe is appropriate in our culture and does not impact our ability to attract and retain top executive talent.

Determination of Total Compensation

Role of the Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee oversees the Company's policies and philosophy related to total compensation for executive officers. The Compensation Committee approves the compensation for the named executive officers based on its own evaluation, input from our CEO (for all executive officers except himself), internal pay equity considerations, the tenure, role and performance of each named executive officer, input from its independent consultant and market data.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

In addition, in making compensation decisions, the Compensation Committee considers the results of the Company's annual shareholder advisory votes approving the Company's executive compensation. Since our inaugural vote in 2011, more than 95% of the votes cast have been in favor of the Company's executive compensation at each of our annual meetings. The Compensation Committee believes these shareholder votes indicate strong support for the Company's executive compensation program.

The Compensation Committee's Use of an Independent Compensation Consultant

The Compensation Committee retains a separate independent compensation consultant, Jon Weinstein of Pay Governance LLC, to advise the Compensation Committee on executive and director compensation matters, assess total compensation program levels and program elements for executive officers and evaluate competitive compensation trends. Pay Governance does not provide any other services to the Company and does not perform any work for management. The Compensation Committee has assessed the independence of Mr. Weinstein and of Pay Governance, specifically considering, in accordance with SEC rules, whether Mr. Weinstein and Pay Governance had any relationships with the Company, our officers or our Board members that would impair their independence. Based on this evaluation, the Compensation Committee concluded that Mr. Weinstein's and Pay Governance's work for the Compensation Committee does not raise any conflict of interest.

Competitive Positioning

The Compensation Committee believes that total compensation for the named executive officers should be heavily weighted toward long-term performance-based compensation, but it does not target a specific mix of annual and long-term compensation or cash and equity compensation and does not formulaically set compensation amounts.

In general, the Compensation Committee's goal is to achieve total compensation for the named executive officers as a group that falls within a range of the 50th to 75th percentiles of the market data for our peer group (as discussed below) if paid at target. Target total compensation of our named executive officers as a group in 2016, consisting of base salary, target annual cash incentive award, target long-term cash incentive award and the grant date fair value of equity awards (including performance shares at target), resulted in a target compensation opportunity for our named executive officers in the aggregate between the 50th and the 75th percentiles of the market data for our peer group. The Compensation Committee believes this range is an appropriate reflection of the Company's size, complexity and relative performance over the past several years. The following briefly summarizes the processes followed by the Compensation Committee to select competitive compensation benchmark data and how the Compensation Committee uses this data.

At the request of the Compensation Committee, Pay Governance conducts an annual review of the Company's compensation peer group. This review ensures that the peer group companies remain appropriate from a business and talent perspective and occurs at the second quarter Compensation Committee meeting because recent financial and compensation data are generally available.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

The Compensation Committee uses the following methodology, which formulates a peer group focused on the industries reflected in the prior career experience of approximately 250 of the Company's senior leaders:

- All U.S. publicly traded companies in the following industries as the starting point:
 - Health care
 - Insurance
 - Technology
 - Pharma/Biotech/Life Sciences
 - Financial Services
 - Professional Services (e.g., consulting, accounting)
- Limit the list to the largest companies by revenue and market cap to avoid companies of significantly smaller scope; and
- Add major companies located near UnitedHealth Group's headquarters and primary operating locations to reflect relevant geographic markets for talent.

This screening process resulted in the 52 companies set forth under "Peer Group and Managed Care Companies" below. As compared to the peer group, the Company is:

- Approximately at the 95th percentile on a revenue basis;
- Approximately at the 70th percentile on a market cap basis;
- Approximately at the 70th percentile in earnings from operations; and
- Approximately at the 75th percentile in number of employees.

The Compensation Committee also considers market data from the four largest publicly traded managed care companies with which we compete for business, three of which are in the 52-company peer group described above. However, the Compensation Committee does not use this group of managed care companies as a primary reference point for benchmarking compensation practices because the Company is substantially larger, more complex and more diverse than these companies, and because we believe that the Company competes primarily for talent and capital with other successful large companies across a broader group of industries.

Once the process is concluded and peer group companies are selected, the Compensation Committee generally uses the data as follows:

- At the fourth quarter Compensation Committee meeting, Pay Governance presents an annual review of the market competitiveness of the Company's executive compensation program for the Company's executive officers. The review compares the compensation opportunities provided to the Company's executive officers to peer group companies on a position-by-position basis and on an aggregate basis.
- At the first quarter meeting, the Compensation Committee determines pay opportunities for each officer using the market competitiveness assessment from the previous fourth quarter as a reference point. In addition, the Compensation Committee takes into consideration the Company's performance against previously established performance goals, each officer's individual performance, internal equity, the CEO's recommendations, and other relevant business performance that may not be adequately captured by the Company and individual officer goals.

The companies that were included in the 2016 peer group and the four managed care companies are listed at the end of this Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Role of Management and CEO in Determining Executive Compensation

The Compensation Committee has the responsibility to approve and monitor all compensation for our executive officers. Management recommends appropriate enterprise-wide financial and non-financial performance goals for use in incentive compensation. Our CEO assists the Compensation Committee by evaluating the performance of the executive officers that report directly to him and recommending compensation levels for these executive officers.

Use of Tally Sheets and Wealth Accumulation Analysis

When approving compensation decisions, the Compensation Committee reviews comprehensive tally sheet information for each of our executive officers. These tally sheets are prepared by management and quantify the elements of each executive officer's total compensation. The tally sheets include a summary of all equity awards previously granted to each executive officer, the gain realized from past vesting or exercise of equity awards, the projected value of accumulated equity awards based upon various stock price scenarios, and compensation to be paid under various potential employment termination scenarios. This is done to effectively analyze the compensation each executive officer has accumulated to date and to fully understand the amount the executive officer could potentially accumulate in the future.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Elements of our Compensation Program

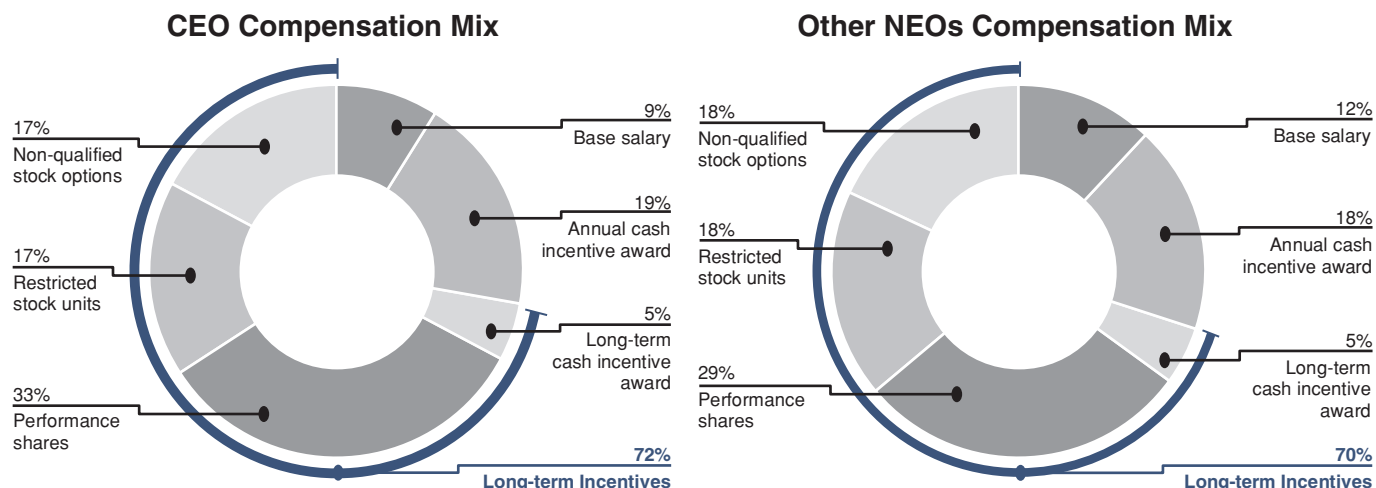
Overview

The compensation program for our named executive officers consists of the following elements:

Compensation Element	Objective	Type of Compensation
Base salary	To provide a base level of cash compensation for executive officers	Annual compensation, not variable
Annual cash incentive awards	To encourage and reward executive officers for achieving annual corporate performance goals and individual performance results	Annual performance compensation, variable
Long-term cash incentive awards (no new awards after 2017 — replaced with long-term performance shares)	To encourage and reward executive officers for achieving three-year corporate performance goals	Long-term performance compensation, variable
Equity awards	To motivate and retain executive officers and align their interests with shareholders through the use of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Performance shares to motivate sustained performance and growth and potentially assist executives in building ownership in the Company • RSUs to retain executive officers and build stock ownership positions • Non-qualified stock options to encourage sustained stock price appreciation 	Long-term performance compensation, variable
Employee benefits	To promote health, well-being and financial security of employees, including executive officers; constitutes the smallest part of total remuneration	Annual indirect compensation, not variable

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

As reflected in the charts below, the mix of total target compensation granted in 2016 to our named executive officers was heavily weighted towards performance-based and long-term incentive compensation, with long-term incentive awards making up approximately 70% of total target compensation for our named executive officers.



Annual Compensation

Base Salary

The Compensation Committee generally determines base salary levels for our named executive officers early in the fiscal year. In June 2016, the Compensation Committee approved an increase in the base salary for Mr. Rex upon his promotion to Chief Financial Officer, which was effective June 7, 2016. There were no other changes to the base salaries of the other named executive officers:

Name	2016 Base Salary (\$)	2015 Base Salary (\$)	Increase From 2015 to 2016 (%)
Stephen J. Hemsley	1,300,000	1,300,000	0%
John F. Rex	800,000	625,000	28%
David S. Wichmann	1,100,000	1,100,000	0%
Larry C. Renfro	1,100,000	1,100,000	0%
Marianne D. Short	800,000	800,000	0%

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Annual Cash Incentive Awards

2016 Annual Incentive Plan Performance Goals

Annual cash incentive awards may be paid if our Company meets or exceeds annual performance goals for that year as determined by the Compensation Committee. In establishing the performance measures for the 2016 annual cash incentive awards, the Compensation Committee sought to align broadly the compensation of our executive officers with key elements of the Company's 2016 business plan. Development of the Company's 2016 business plan was a robust process that involved input from all of the Company's business units and was reviewed with the Company's Board of Directors in the fourth quarter of 2015 and the first quarter of 2016. These performance measures are based on enterprise-wide measures because the Compensation Committee believes that the named executive officers share the responsibility to support the goals and performance of the Company as key members of the Company's leadership team.

The following table sets forth the performance measures and goals established, as well as actual 2016 performance results:

2016 Performance Measure	Weight	Threshold Performance	Target Performance	Maximum Performance	Actual 2016 Performance
Revenue*	1/3	\$172.425 billion	\$181.5 billion	\$190.575 billion	\$184.828 billion
Operating Income*	1/3	\$11.241 billion	\$13.225 billion	\$15.209 billion	\$13.280 billion
Cash Flows from Operations*		\$8.075 billion	\$9.5 billion	\$10.925 billion	\$9.795 billion
Stewardship: • Customer and Physician Satisfaction • Employee Engagement • Employee Teamwork	1/3	2015 results for customer and physician satisfaction, teamwork, and employee engagement;	2 points above 2015 results for customer and physician satisfaction; 1 point above 2015 results for teamwork and employee engagement	4 points above 2015 results for customer and physician satisfaction; 2 points above 2015 results for teamwork and employee engagement	At threshold for customer and physician satisfaction; at target for employee engagement and teamwork

* The Company's annual incentive plan allows for adjustments to the Company's reported results for the impact of changes in accounting principles, extraordinary items and unusual or non-recurring gains or losses, including significant differences from the assumptions contained in the financial plan upon which the incentive targets were established. Adjustments to reported results are intended to better reflect executives' line of sight/ability to affect payouts, align award payments with growth of the Company's business, avoid artificial inflation or deflation of awards due to unusual or non-recurring items in the applicable period and emphasize the Company's preference for long-term and sustainable growth. We adjusted 2016 operating income to exclude the impact of our estimated share of guaranty association assessments resulting from the liquidation of Penn Treaty Network America Insurance Company and its subsidiary (Penn Treaty) of \$350 million. Penn Treaty is completely unaffiliated with, is not owned by, and does not share any executive officers or directors with, UnitedHealth Group. Under state guaranty association laws, we and other insurance companies are required to cover a portion of Penn Treaty's obligations to its policyholders when it became insolvent. The Committee felt it was appropriate to exclude the impact of the Penn Treaty charge since management had no control over this matter and there was no consideration for Penn Treaty included in the 2016 performance measure and goal setting process.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Context for the 2016 Annual Cash Incentive Plan Performance Goals

The 2016 financial performance measures at target level represented year-over-year growth in revenues of \$24.4 billion, or 15.5%; year-over-year growth in operating income of \$2.2 billion, or 20.0%; and year-over-year decrease in operating cash flows of \$240 million due to unusually strong operating cash flows in 2015. These targets reflected a full-year of Catamaran results following its acquisition in mid-2015 and the view that there would be a continued challenging business environment in 2016, including the following expectations:

- Continued marketplace disruption and financial uncertainty related to certain elements of the public health insurance exchanges, including the level of enrollment growth and enrollee health status, risk-adjustment payments, the transitional reinsurance program, and the availability of funds to support the risk-corridor provision;
- There would not be net favorable development in previously reported medical costs payable estimates; and
- There would be continued funding pressures in government programs.

The 2016 non-financial performance measures were based on survey data results and, at target levels, represented increases over 2015 performance in all categories. These measures were viewed to be important to longer-term financial success, customer satisfaction, and employee welfare that might not be immediately reflected in annual financial results. The Compensation Committee was of the view that the breadth of financial and non-financial performance measures for the 2016 annual cash incentive award would motivate executive officers to achieve results that contribute to value creation for our shareholders on a long-term basis and avoid excessive risks.

At the beginning of 2016, the Compensation Committee believed that achievement of the annual incentive goals required substantial performance on a broad range of initiatives contained in the 2016 business plan. These initiatives included the following:

- Grow medical enrollment in UnitedHealthcare by approximately 1,850,000 people;
- Continue to enhance the quality and operations of our government businesses to compensate for continued expected funding pressures;
- Continue to innovate in commercial products, service and distribution;
- Evaluate appropriate level of future participation in the public health insurance exchanges, and minimize the disruption of any reduction in participation;
- Deliver more effective and comprehensive clinical management, and continue expanding the proportion of our network operating with value-based contracts;
- Increase the Company's net promoter score and enhance customer service;
- Execute on Optum's growth and alignment initiatives, with major focus areas including care delivery, technology-enabled services and pharmacy care services;
- Realize planned synergies from integration and alignment of the Catamaran acquisition with OptumRx; and
- Further improve our consolidated operating cost ratio after considering the impact of changes in business mix.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

With respect to these initiatives, the Company significantly exceeded its enrollment targets, adding nearly 2.2 million new members, and improved net promoter scores in many, but not all, of its businesses. UnitedHealthcare further improved its Medicare Star ratings and Optum achieved its combined revenue and earnings growth projections, exceeding targeted synergies from the Catamaran acquisition. In addition, the amount of medical spend covered under value-based arrangements increased to nearly \$53 billion, the consolidated operating cost ratio decreased to 15.4%, which includes the impact of Penn Treaty, and the Company achieved or made substantial progress on all of the other initiatives listed above.

Revenues were significantly above target levels. Operating income for 2016 was above target after excluding the \$350 million pre-tax impact to earnings during the fourth quarter of 2016 for the Penn Treaty matter that was not contemplated when the targets were established. This above target performance was achieved despite significantly higher than expected losses related to the Company's individual health insurance exchange products. Cash flows from operations for 2016 were also above target.

Non-financial performance measures were at target levels except for customer and physician satisfaction, which was between threshold and target performance levels. Adjusted earnings per share increased 25% in 2016, and the Company's total shareholder return was 38%, reflecting continued successful performance in an uncertain environment.

While the Company uses defined performance measures and weightings to determine an overall funding level for the Company's bonus pool, individual annual cash incentive awards are not purely formulaic. In determining the amount of the actual annual incentive award to be paid, the Compensation Committee considers the CEO's recommendations for executive officers, the business performance underlying each of the performance measures, macroeconomic factors disproportionately impacting business performance, individual executive performance, market positioning, teamwork and related matters. The Compensation Committee retains discretion to pay an annual incentive award that is higher or lower than the performance level achieved based on these considerations if threshold performance is achieved on any performance measure. However, the overall pool cannot be exceeded.

Determination of 2016 Annual Cash Incentive Award Opportunities

At the beginning of each year, the Compensation Committee approves an "annual cash incentive target opportunity" for each executive officer as a percentage of the executive officer's base salary.

The target opportunities established for the named executive officers are intended to increase collaboration, teamwork and accountability across the enterprise, to recognize the skills and versatility of each executive officer and to reflect relative contributions to the success of the overall enterprise. At the end of the fiscal year, the Compensation Committee reviews the Company's achievement of the performance goals set at the beginning of the year and determines annual cash incentive awards based on such performance. In determining these awards, the Compensation Committee has the ability to use its discretion to increase or decrease the actual awards made in view of actual performance, individual contributions and overall business and market conditions.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

The Compensation Committee evaluated the Company's 2016 performance against the performance goals, overall business results, economic conditions, and individual performance objectives, and exercised its discretion to adjust the 2016 annual cash incentive awards such that they represented between 152% and 184% of the targets set at the beginning of 2016 for named executive officers. The target percentages for annual cash incentive awards to our named executive officers and the actual 2016 annual cash incentive awards paid are set forth in the table below. An explanation of how the individual amounts were determined follows the table.

2016 Annual Cash Incentive Awards				
Name	Target Percentage (% of Salary)	Target Award Value (\$)	Actual Award Paid (\$)	Paid Award (% of Target)
Stephen J. Hemsley	200%	2,600,000	4,000,000	154%
John F. Rex	115%	920,000	1,400,000	152%
David S. Wichmann	185%	2,035,000	3,750,000	184%
Larry C. Renfro	185%	2,035,000	3,750,000	184%
Marianne D. Short	100%	800,000	1,250,000	156%

In determining the 2016 annual cash incentive award amounts, the Compensation Committee took into account the Company's performance against the 2016 annual performance goals set forth in the table above, business results described under "Context for the 2016 Annual Cash Incentive Plan Performance Goals" and a qualitative assessment of individual performance and accomplishments. Individual factors considered are as follows:

- For Mr. Hemsley, the Compensation Committee coordinates a formal performance evaluation by all non-management directors. The 2016 performance evaluation focused on the following areas: strategic focus; vision and values; corporate performance; board relations; leadership and organization effectiveness; corporate reputation and government relations. The Compensation Committee concluded that Mr. Hemsley's performance was outstanding in each category.
- Mr. Rex's individual performance considerations included assumption of the role of Chief Financial Officer and additional enterprise responsibilities as part of the Office of the Chief Executive; oversight of all finance, audit and financial compliance functions across the enterprise and responsibility for treasury, mergers and acquisitions and venture and private equity investment activity.
- Mr. Wichmann's individual performance considerations included his strong leadership as President of UnitedHealth Group and oversight leadership of UnitedHealthcare's businesses; continued growth at UnitedHealthcare; strategic leadership of the Company's significant merger and acquisition agenda; leadership in developing new business platforms addressing multibillion dollar growth opportunities; developing and implementing more modern and engaging approaches to serving care providers and consumers through intuitive technologies; enterprise wide technological advancement and simplification initiatives; and expanded development of global businesses and operations.
- Mr. Renfro's individual performance considerations included strong leadership as Vice Chair of UnitedHealth Group in addition to his responsibilities as CEO of Optum; significant progress towards the multi-year "One Optum" strategic direction, related development of large scale business partnerships and continued growth; related organizational and operational simplification initiatives; recruitment of high level senior talent from nontraditional sources to strengthen and diversify the Optum leadership team; and successful acquisition and integration activities focused on the care delivery business.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

- Ms. Short's individual performance considerations included her strong leadership as a UnitedHealth Group executive in general; additional enterprise responsibilities as part of the Office of the Chief Executive; leadership of the legal department; oversight of enterprise wide compliance and privacy matters; participation in cost management initiatives; and distinctive leadership and judgment in ongoing litigation and business matters.

The Compensation Committee did not make specific assessments of, quantify or otherwise assign relative weightings to the factors listed above as it reached its decisions with respect to any of the named executive officers. See the 2016 Summary Compensation Table and other related compensation tables below for details regarding 2016 total compensation for the named executive officers.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation

Long term incentive compensation, consisting of the long term cash incentive program and equity awards in 2016, represents the largest portion of executive officer compensation. This combination of long term incentives provides a compelling performance based compensation opportunity, aids in aligning and retaining the senior management team and accelerates the optimization of business unit capabilities across the enterprise. Going forward, beginning with the 2017-2019 performance period, all long-term incentives will be delivered in the form of equity, as the Committee eliminated future long-term cash awards.

Long-Term Awards

2014-2016 Long-Term Cash Incentive and Performance Share Goals and Context

The long-term cash incentive award and performance share programs create a financial incentive for achieving or exceeding three-year financial goals for the enterprise. The earned long-term cash incentive award and performance shares for the 2014-2016 performance period were based on achieving the following performance results versus the pre-set goals:

2014-2016 Performance Measure	Weight	Threshold Performance	Target Performance	Maximum Performance	Actual 2014-2016 Performance
Cumulative Earnings Per Share	50%	\$17.24	\$18.30	\$19.78	\$19.11
Return on Equity	50%	15.9%	17.9%	19.9%	18.3%

The performance measures and goals for the 2014-2016 performance period were established during the first quarter of 2014 based on the Company's long-term business plan. The first year of the long-term business plan was based on the Company's 2014 business plan. Subsequent years were based on assumptions and growth initiatives developed in conjunction with the Company's business units and reviewed by the Board of Directors.

Other key assumptions and elements of the long-term business plan were:

- Modest US economic growth with a gradual increase in interest rates, and a more rapidly growing economy in Brazil, with a stable Brazilian Real — U.S. Dollar exchange rate;

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

- Medicaid, Medicare Supplement, Part D and international enrollment growth in all years, including significant growth in 2014 from Medicaid expansion;
- Commercial risk-based and fee-based enrollment declines in 2014, followed by modest increases thereafter from expansion into exchanges and growth in existing markets, leveraging enhanced products, services and distribution;
- Medicare Advantage declines in 2014 and 2015 due to funding level pressures, followed by modest increases thereafter;
- Continued funding pressure in government businesses;
- An expectation that medical cost trends would be consistent with historical levels and that there would not be net favorable development in previously reported medical cost payable estimates;
- Delivery of more effective and comprehensive clinical management;
- Continue to enhance the quality and operations of our government businesses to compensate for continued expected funding pressures;
- Continued growth and alignment of the Optum businesses, driving distinctive revenue, margin and earnings performance;
- Development and expansion of the Optum Local Care Delivery platform and capabilities;
- Ongoing improvements to our consolidated operating cost ratio on a comparable business mix basis; and
- Effective cross-enterprise collaboration among various business units for the benefit of customers and our overall reputation and performance.

To achieve maximum performance for both the long-term cash incentive plan and the performance share plan, the Company would have to achieve cumulative three-year earnings per share (“EPS”) performance of \$19.78 and an average return on equity (“ROE”) of 19.9%. These maximum performance levels corresponded to a compound annual growth rate in EPS of 11.9% over the three-year period. For long-term compensation purposes (see adjustments described below), the Company generated cumulative EPS of \$19.11 with accompanying ROE of 18.3%, which were both between the target and maximum performance levels. This represented a compound annual EPS growth rate of 10.4% over the three-year performance period.

Factors that positively or negatively influenced our results subsequent to the approval of the long-term business plan in early 2014 included:

- Greater than anticipated enrollment of individuals who became eligible with the expansion of Medicaid in 2014;
- Continued relatively favorable medical cost trend experience over the three-year period;
- Significant unexpected losses in individual health insurance exchange products in 2015 and 2016;
- Charges taken in 2015 to establish reserves for anticipated future losses for a new state Medicaid managed care contract;
- Acquisition of Catamaran in mid-2015;
- Challenging Brazilian economy and significant devaluation of the Brazilian Real against the U.S. Dollar; and
- Greater than anticipated downward rate pressure in Medicare Advantage payment rates received from the federal government.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Similar to the annual incentive plan, the Company's long-term incentive plan allows for adjustments to the Company's reported results in determining long-term incentive plan awards, namely adjustments that account for the impact of changes in accounting principles, extraordinary items and unusual or non-recurring gains or losses. Three adjustments were made in determining 2014-2016 performance:

- Excluded from 2016 results was the recognition of the \$350 million negative impact (\$0.23 decrease per share) for our estimated share of guaranty association assessments resulting from the liquidation of Penn Treaty. Penn Treaty is completely unaffiliated with, is not owned by, and does not share any executive officers or directors with, UnitedHealth Group. Under state guaranty association laws, we and other insurance companies, are required to cover a portion of the Penn Treaty's obligations to policyholders when it became insolvent. This charge will be funded over several years;
- Excluded from 2016 results was the income tax benefit (approximately \$0.15 increase per share) from adoption of ASU 2016-09, which modifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment awards, including income tax consequences; and
- Excluded from 2016 results was the estimated impact of federally mandated one year moratorium in 2017 for the collection of the health insurance industry tax. This moratorium was a provision included in the 2016 federal government budget. The unfavorable impact results from commercial price reductions taken in 2016 for policies that span into 2017.

It was not possible to predict the occurrence, or impact to the Company, of any of these three adjustments when the goals for the 2014-2016 long-term plans were set. Since all of these events were outside of the control of management, the Committee felt it was appropriate to exclude them from final results.

2014-2016 Long-Term Cash Incentive Awards

At the beginning of each three-year performance period, the Compensation Committee approves a "long-term cash incentive target opportunity" for each executive officer as a percentage of the executive officer's average base salary over the performance period. At the end of a performance period, the Compensation Committee reviews the Company's achievement of the performance goals set at the beginning of the performance period and determines long-term cash incentive awards based on such performance. In determining these awards, the Compensation Committee has the ability to use its discretion to increase or decrease the actual awards in view of actual performance, individual contributions and overall business and market conditions.

For the 2014-2016 performance period, the target opportunity for each executive officer was 50% of base salary, and the maximum cash incentive award that an executive officer could earn was set by the Compensation Committee to be equal to two times the applicable long-term cash incentive target opportunity. In choosing this target opportunity, the Compensation Committee believed it was important to provide the same relative target opportunity to all of the named executive officers to increase collaboration, teamwork and accountability across the enterprise and to recognize the skills and versatility of each executive officer.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

The target percentages for long-term cash incentive awards to our named executive officers and the actual long-term cash incentive awards paid for the 2014-2016 performance period are set forth in the table below:

Long-Term Cash Incentive Award						
Name	Target Percentage (% of 3-Year Average Base Salary)	Threshold Award Value (\$)	Target Award Value (\$)	Maximum Award Value (\$)	Actual Award Paid (\$)	Paid Award (% of Target)
Stephen J. Hemsley	50%	3,105	658,333	1,316,666	908,500	138%
David S. Wichmann	50%	2,476	525,000	1,050,000	724,500	138%
Larry C. Renfro	50%	2,476	525,000	1,050,000	724,500	138%
Marianne D. Short	50%	1,873	397,116	794,232	548,100	138%

The primary factor considered by the Compensation Committee in the determination of the long-term cash incentive award amounts was achievement of 2014-2016 long-term incentive plan EPS and ROE between target and maximum goals. Because the Long-Term Cash Incentive Award program is being phased out, with no new participants added after 2016, Mr. Rex was not added as a participant upon his promotion to Chief Financial Officer in June 2016.

2014-2016 Performance Share Awards

The use of performance shares as a component of the overall equity awards granted was based upon the Compensation Committee's desire to encourage superior performance and build executive ownership; consideration of competitive market data; the value of utilizing a balanced system to facilitate prudent decision-making and mitigate risk; and conversations with shareholders about the desirability of this type of equity award as a component of a pay-for-performance program. The actual shares that were earned for the 2014-2016 performance period were above target due to the Company's strong ROE and earnings growth performance and are set forth in the table below as well as reflected in the 2016 Option Exercises and Stock Vested table:

Long-Term Performance Shares					
Name	Threshold Shares (#)	Target Shares (#)	Maximum Shares (#)	Actual Shares Paid (#)	Paid Award (% of Target)
Stephen J. Hemsley	252	53,389	106,778	73,677	138%
David S. Wichmann	157	32,034	64,068	44,207	138%
Larry C. Renfro	157	32,034	64,068	44,207	138%
Marianne D. Short	101	21,356	42,712	29,472	138%

Mr. Rex did not receive performance shares as part of his 2014 equity grant because he was not an executive officer at that time.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Equity Awards

Equity Award Practices

Awards of equity-based compensation to our executive officers serve the purposes described above under “Long-Term Incentive Compensation.” The Compensation Committee determined that equity-based compensation for 2016 should include grants of performance shares, RSUs and non-qualified stock options to achieve balance and effectiveness in our equity-based compensation and to align the interests of our executive officers and our shareholders. The mix of equity-based compensation granted in February 2016 was as follows, based on the grant date fair value of the total award: 50% performance shares, 25% RSUs and 25% non-qualified stock options. Performance share grants were selected to ensure a strong pay-for-performance alignment of the Company’s compensation program with drivers of shareholder value. The Compensation Committee’s decision to grant performance shares was informed, in part, by past discussions held between the Company and certain of its shareholders regarding the merits of performance shares in a pay-for-performance executive compensation program. RSU grants were selected because they are full value shares with time vesting and, as such, provide added retention value. Non-qualified stock options were selected because they have value only if the Company’s stock price increases and, as such, provide incentives for sustained long-term stock appreciation.

The Compensation Committee’s equity award policy requires that all grants of equity be made at set times. We do not have a specific program, plan or practice to time equity compensation awards to named executive officers in coordination with our release of material information.

The Company does not pay dividend equivalents on performance shares granted to employees. Unvested shares of RSUs receive dividend equivalents, which are subject to the same terms as the RSUs and will be forfeited if the underlying RSUs do not vest. The determination to pay dividend equivalents on RSUs was made after considering market practices.

The aggregate number of shares subject to equity awards made in 2016 for all employees was approximately 1% of the Company’s shares outstanding at the end of 2016.

Equity Awards — 2016

In February 2016, the Compensation Committee granted the following target number of performance shares, RSUs and stock options to our named executive officers:

Name	Target Number of Performance Shares (#)	Annual RSU Award (#)	Annual Stock Option Award (#)
Stephen J. Hemsley	42,057	21,029	118,270
John F. Rex	11,246	5,623	31,623
David S. Wichmann	29,687	14,844	83,485
Larry C. Renfro	29,687	14,844	83,485
Marianne D. Short	13,944	6,972	39,213

The grant date fair values and terms of these equity awards are discussed in the 2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards table.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Other Compensation

Supplemental Retirement Benefits

In 2006, the accrued value of the benefit payable under Mr. Hemsley's individual supplemental executive retirement plan agreement (the "SERP") was frozen based on his then-current age and average base salary and converted into a lump sum cash benefit of \$10,703,229. On June 7, 2016, the Company amended Mr. Hemsley's SERP to convert the \$10,703,229 cash benefit into deferred stock units ("DSUs"). The Compensation Committee decided the SERP amendment was appropriate to further align Mr. Hemsley's interests with those of shareholders, allow Mr. Hemsley to earn a return on the SERP balance that will be tied to the Company's stock price performance, and provide the opportunity for Mr. Hemsley to receive deferred dividend equivalents on the SERP balance. Pursuant to the amended SERP, the number of DSUs issued was based on the amount of the cash benefit divided by the average closing price of the Company's common stock over the preceding five trading days from the date of conversion of the cash balance, which resulted in 78,789 DSUs issued. Upon conversion of the cash balance into DSUs on June 7, 2016, Mr. Hemsley was eligible to receive dividend equivalents in the form of additional DSUs, which are paid at the same rate and at the same time that dividends are paid to the Company's shareholders. During 2016, Mr. Hemsley received dividend equivalents in the form of an additional 1,024 DSUs that were added to the SERP balance. Upon termination of Mr. Hemsley's employment for any reason, the DSUs held in the SERP will be converted into shares of common stock and will be paid six months and one day after his termination.

Benefits

In addition to generally available benefits, our executive officers are eligible to receive supplemental long-term disability coverage equal to 60% of base salary, and all of our named executive officers, other than Mr. Hemsley, receive supplemental group term life insurance coverage of \$2 million. Executive officers are also eligible to participate in our non-qualified Executive Savings Plan. See the 2016 Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation table for additional information regarding contributions, earnings and distributions for each named executive officer under the Executive Savings Plan. Our Executive Savings Plan does not provide for guaranteed or above-market interest.

Perquisites

We do not believe that providing generous executive perquisites is either necessary to attract and retain executive talent or consistent with our pay-for-performance philosophy. Therefore, other than the benefits described above, we do not provide perquisites such as excise tax gross-ups, company automobiles, security services, private jet services, financial planning services, club memberships or apartments to our executive officers. We prohibit personal use of corporate aircraft by any executive officer unless the Company is reimbursed for the full incremental cost to the Company of such use. Because there is essentially no incremental cost to the Company, we permit an executive officer's family member to accompany the executive officer on a business flight on Company aircraft provided a seat is available.

Employment Agreements and Post-Employment Payments and Benefits

The Company has a policy of entering into employment agreements with each of our named executive officers. These employment agreements are described in greater detail in "Executive Employment Agreements."

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Other Compensation Practices

Executive Stock Ownership Guidelines and Stock Retention Policy

The Compensation Committee believes that executive stock ownership aligns management's interests with those of shareholders and fosters a long-term outlook, while also mitigating compensation risk. Under our stock ownership guidelines, each executive officer must beneficially own at least the following amounts of the Company's common stock within five years of the executive officer's election or appointment as an executive officer:

- for the CEO, eight times base salary;
- for executive officers who are direct reports of the CEO, three times base salary; and
- for other executive officers who are not direct reports of the CEO, two times base salary.

Stock options and stock appreciation rights ("SARs") do not count towards satisfying the ownership requirements under the guidelines, regardless of their vesting status, and performance shares do not count towards satisfying the ownership requirements until they are vested. Time-based RSUs and restricted stock awards are counted toward the satisfaction of the ownership requirements. The Compensation Committee periodically reviews compliance with the ownership requirements. As of March 14, 2017, all of our named executive officers were in compliance with the ownership requirements, including Mr. Hemsley, who owned shares with a value equal to 424 times his base salary.

The Board has established a stock retention policy for executive officers that are subject to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which includes our named executive officers. Under this policy, Section 16 officers are required to retain for at least one year one-third of the net shares acquired upon the vesting or exercise of any equity awards.

Transactions in Company Securities; Prohibition on Hedging and Short Sales

In general, SEC rules prohibit uncovered short sales of our common stock by our executive officers, including the named executive officers. Accordingly, our insider trading policy prohibits short sales of our common stock by all employees and directors. Our insider trading policy prohibits hedging transactions by all directors, executive officers and employees and requires advance approval of the Compensation Committee of any pledging of common stock by directors, executive officers and other members of management. Pledges that existed prior to the policy's adoption in November 2012 have been grandfathered. In 2016, no executive officer or director sought or received advance approval from the Compensation Committee regarding pledging transactions, and no executive officer had any pledges outstanding.

Potential Impact on Compensation from Executive Misconduct/Compensation Clawbacks

If the Board of Directors determines that an executive officer has engaged in fraud or misconduct, the Board of Directors may take a range of actions to remedy the misconduct, prevent its recurrence and impose such discipline as would be appropriate, including, without limit: (i) terminating employment and (ii) initiating legal action against the executive officer. In addition, with respect to our senior executives, including our named executive officers, if the fraud or misconduct causes, in whole or in part, a material restatement of the Company's financial statements, action may include (a) seeking reimbursement of the entire amount of cash incentive compensation awarded to the

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

executive officer, if the executive officer would have received a lower (or no) cash incentive award if calculated based on the restated financial results; (b) canceling all outstanding vested and unvested equity awards subject to the clawback policy and requiring the executive officer to return to the Company all gains from equity awards realized during the 12-month period following the filing of the incorrect financial statements; and (c) seeking reimbursement of the entire amount of any bonus paid.

Consideration of Risk in Named Executive Officer Compensation

Our compensation programs are balanced, focused on long-term pay-for-performance, allow for discretion, and are overseen by an independent Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee believes that the design of the compensation program for our executive officers does not encourage excessive or unnecessary risk-taking, as illustrated by the following list of features:

- Our annual cash bonus program includes a variety of financial and non-financial measures that require substantial performance on a broad range of initiatives;
- Our equity awards are delivered through a balanced mix of performance shares, RSUs and stock options to encourage sustained performance over time;
- We have stock ownership guidelines for our executive officers;
- We generally require executive officers to hold, for at least one year, one-third of the net shares acquired upon vesting or exercise of any equity award granted; and
- We have a clawback policy that entitles the Board of Directors to seek reimbursement from any executive involved in fraud or misconduct causing a restatement of financials, or violation of certain employment agreement provisions, including any non-compete, non-solicit or confidentiality provisions. The executive would be required to reimburse the Company the entire amount of a bonus paid, not just the amount that would not have been earned had the executive received a lower award based on the restated earnings.

In addition, our Compensation Committee retains discretion to adjust compensation for quality of performance, adherence to Company values and other factors.

Accounting and Tax Considerations

Internal Revenue Code Section 162(m) imposes a \$1 million corporate deduction limit for compensation to the Company's CEO and its three other highest-paid executive officers (other than the CFO) employed at the end of the year, unless the compensation is "performance-based," as defined in Section 162(m), and provided under a plan that has been approved by shareholders. As part of the federal health care reform legislation enacted in 2010, Section 162(m) was revised with respect to health insurers, including the Company. Starting in 2013, an annual tax deduction limit of \$500,000 per person applies to compensation that we pay to any of our employees and certain service providers, regardless of whether such compensation is deemed performance-based under Section 162(m) or is provided pursuant to a shareholder-approved plan. Any outstanding stock options and SARs that were granted prior to 2010 are not subject to the tax deduction limitation.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	-------------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Peer Group and Managed Care Companies

Peer Group		Managed Care Companies
3M Company	Gilead Sciences Inc.	Aetna Inc.
Abbott Laboratories	Hewlett-Packard Company	Anthem Inc.
AbbVie Inc.	Humana Inc.	CIGNA Corp.
Accenture, plc	International Business Machines Corp.	Humana Inc.
Aetna Inc.	Johnson & Johnson	
American Express Company	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	
American International Group, Inc.	MasterCard Incorporated	
Ameriprise Financial, Inc.	McKesson Corporation	
AmerisourceBergen Corporation	Medtronic plc	
Amgen Inc.	Merck & Co. Inc.	
Anthem Inc.	MetLife, Inc.	
Bank of America Corporation	Microsoft Corporation	
Berkshire Hathaway Inc.	Morgan Stanley	
Best Buy Co., Inc.	Oracle Corporation	
Biogen Inc.	Pfizer Inc.	
Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	Procter & Gamble Co.	
Cardinal Health, Inc.	Prudential Financial, Inc.	
Cargill, Incorporated	Target Corp.	
Cisco Systems, Inc.	The Allstate Corporation	
Citigroup, Inc.	The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	
CVS Health Corporation	The Travelers Companies, Inc.	
Eli Lilly and Company	U.S. Bancorp	
Express Scripts Holding Company	United Parcel Service, Inc.	
FedEx Corporation	Visa, Inc.	
General Electric Company	Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.	
General Mills, Inc.	Wells Fargo & Company	

Compensation Committee Report

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the above Compensation Discussion and Analysis with management. Based on its review and discussions, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in the proxy statement and incorporated by reference into the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. This report was provided by the following independent directors who comprise the Compensation Committee:

Rodger A. Lawson (Chair)
William C. Ballard, Jr.
Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

During fiscal 2016, Messrs. Ballard and Lawson and Dr. Wilensky served on the Compensation Committee. None of these persons has ever been an officer or employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries. Furthermore, during 2016, none of these persons served as a member of the compensation committee (or other board committee performing equivalent functions) or as a director of another entity where an executive officer of such entity served on our Compensation Committee or Board.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

2016 Summary Compensation Table*

The following table provides certain summary information for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 relating to compensation paid or granted to, or accrued by us on behalf of, our named executive officers.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Option Awards (\$) ⁽³⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) ⁽⁴⁾	Change in Pension Value and Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$) ⁽⁵⁾	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽⁶⁾	Total (\$)
Stephen J. Hemsley CEO	2016	1,300,000	—	7,012,640	2,337,015	4,908,500	2,070,099 ⁽⁷⁾	137,358	17,765,612
	2015	1,350,000	—	7,012,546	2,337,939	3,672,000	—	145,679	14,518,164
	2014	1,300,000	—	7,625,114	1,874,728	3,949,000	—	107,479	14,856,321
John F. Rex Executive Vice President and CFO	2016	721,923	—	3,125,283	1,875,049	1,400,000	—	62,968	7,185,223
David S. Wichmann President	2016	1,100,000	—	4,950,066	1,649,664	4,474,500	—	142,216	12,316,446
	2015	1,150,000	—	4,950,071	1,650,322	3,686,700	—	144,724	11,581,817
	2014	900,000	—	6,375,123	1,124,841	3,643,102	—	99,499	12,142,565
Larry C. Renfro Vice Chairman and CEO, Optum	2016	1,100,000	—	4,950,066	1,649,664	4,474,500	—	150,765	12,324,995
	2015	1,150,000	—	4,950,071	1,650,322	3,686,700	—	152,265	11,589,358
	2014	900,000	—	6,375,123	1,124,841	3,643,102	—	54,540	12,097,606
Marianne D. Short Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer	2016	800,000	—	2,325,023	774,849	1,798,100	—	100,155	5,798,127
	2015	832,693	—	2,325,202	775,156	1,662,600	—	86,496	5,682,147
	2014	750,000	—	3,250,075	749,909	1,482,981	—	100,691	6,333,656

* Please see “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” above for a description of our executive compensation program necessary for an understanding of the information disclosed in this table. Please see “Executive Employment Agreements” below for a description of the material terms of each named executive officer’s employment agreement.

(1) Amounts reported reflect the base salary earned by named executive officers in the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014. Amounts reported for 2016 include the following amounts deferred by the named executive officers under our Executive Savings Plan:

Name	Amount Deferred
Stephen J. Hemsley	\$78,000
John F. Rex	\$43,315
David S. Wichmann	\$66,000
Larry C. Renfro	\$66,000
Marianne D. Short	\$48,000

Amounts reported for 2015 reflect one additional pay period.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

- (2) The amounts reported in this column reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of the RSUs and performance shares (at target) granted in 2016, 2015 and 2014 and are computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, based on the closing stock price on the grant date. The grant date fair value of RSUs granted in 2016 and the grant date fair value of performance shares granted in 2016 if target performance and maximum performance is achieved are as follows:

Name	Restricted Stock Units	Performance Shares	
		Target	Maximum
Stephen J. Hemsley	\$2,337,584	\$4,675,056	\$9,350,112
John F. Rex	\$1,875,178	\$1,250,105	\$2,500,210
David S. Wichmann	\$1,650,059	\$3,300,007	\$6,600,014
Larry C. Renfro	\$1,650,059	\$3,300,007	\$6,600,014
Marianne D. Short	\$ 775,008	\$1,550,015	\$3,100,030

See the 2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards table for more information on stock awards granted in 2016.

- (3) The actual value to be realized by a named executive officer depends upon the performance of the Company's stock and the length of time the award is held. No value will be realized with respect to any award if the Company's stock price does not increase following the award's grant date or if the executive officer does not satisfy the vesting criteria.

The amounts reported in this column for 2016 reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of stock options granted in 2016 computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. For a description of the assumptions used in computing the aggregate grant date fair value, see Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. These same assumptions have been used in computing aggregate grant date fair values since fiscal year 2009.

- (4) Amounts reported include both annual and long-term cash incentive awards to our named executive officers under our 2008 Executive Incentive Plan. The 2016 annual incentive awards, including amounts deferred by the named executive officers, were the following:

Name	Total Amount of Annual Cash Incentive Award	Amount of Annual Cash Incentive Award Deferred
Stephen J. Hemsley	\$4,000,000	\$240,000
John F. Rex	\$1,400,000	\$ 84,000
David S. Wichmann	\$3,750,000	\$225,000
Larry C. Renfro	\$3,750,000	\$225,000
Marianne D. Short	\$1,250,000	\$ 75,000

The long-term cash incentive awards for the 2014-2016 incentive period under our 2008 Executive Incentive Plan, including amounts deferred by the named executive officers, were the following:

Name	Period	Total Amount of Long-Term Cash Incentive Award	Amount of Long-Term Cash Incentive Award Deferred
Stephen J. Hemsley	2014-2016	\$908,500	—
John F. Rex	2014-2016	—	—
David S. Wichmann	2014-2016	\$724,500	\$43,470
Larry C. Renfro	2014-2016	\$724,500	—
Marianne D. Short	2014-2016	\$548,100	—

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

(5) Named executive officers participate in our Executive Savings Plan, which is a non-qualified deferred compensation plan. The Executive Savings Plan does not credit above-market earnings or preferential earnings to the amounts deferred, and accordingly, no non-qualified deferred compensation earnings have been reported. Under the Executive Savings Plan, there are no measuring investments tied to Company stock performance. The measuring investments are a collection of unaffiliated mutual funds identified by the Company.

(6) All other compensation includes the following:

Name	Year	Company Matching Contributions Under 401(k) Savings Plan	Company Matching Contributions Under Executive Savings Plan	Insurance Premiums
Stephen J. Hemsley	2016	\$11,925	\$121,500	—
John F. Rex	2016	\$ 8,519	\$ 47,158	—
David S. Wichmann	2016	\$11,925	\$123,000	—
Larry C. Renfro	2016	\$11,925	\$123,000	\$15,840
Marianne D. Short	2016	\$11,925	\$ 57,750	\$30,480

As permitted by SEC rules, we have omitted perquisites and other personal benefits that we provided to certain named executive officers in 2016 if the aggregate amount of such compensation to each of such named executive officers was less than \$10,000. The Company provides each of Messrs. Rex, Wichmann and Renfro and Ms. Short a \$2 million face value term life insurance policy. The 2016 annual premiums paid by the Company on behalf of Messrs. Rex and Wichmann were each less than \$10,000.

(7) As described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this proxy statement, on June 7, 2016, the Company amended Mr. Hemsley's SERP to convert the \$10,703,229 cash benefit into DSUs. The DSUs held in the SERP are eligible to receive dividend equivalents in the form of additional DSUs, which are paid at the same rate and at the same time that dividends are paid to the Company's shareholders. During 2016, Mr. Hemsley received dividend equivalents equal to 1,024 DSUs, which were added to the SERP. The amount reported in the table reflects stock price appreciation for the DSUs of \$1,921,701 between the date of conversion and December 31, 2016 as well as \$148,398 in dividend equivalents.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards*

The following table presents information regarding each grant of an award under our compensation plans made during 2016 to our named executive officers for fiscal year 2016.

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards			Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards			All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stock or Units (#)	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying (#)	Exercise or Grant Price of Option Awards (\$/Sh)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock or Option Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾
		Threshold (\$)	Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)	Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)				
Stephen J. Hemsley											
Annual Cash Incentive Award ⁽²⁾	—	2,340,000	2,600,000	5,200,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2016-18 Long-Term Incentive Award ⁽³⁾	—	2,338	650,000	1,300,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Performance Share Award ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	151	42,057	84,114	—	—	—	4,675,056
RSU Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	21,029	—	—	2,337,584
Stock Option Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	118,270	111.16	2,337,015
John F. Rex											
Annual Cash Incentive Award ⁽²⁾	—	828,000	920,000	1,840,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2016-18 Long-Term Incentive Award ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Performance Share Award ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	40	11,246	22,492	—	—	—	1,250,105
RSU Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,623	—	—	625,053
RSU Award ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	6/7/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,129	—	—	1,250,125
Stock Option Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31,623	111.16	624,870
Stock Option Award ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	6/7/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	56,416	136.94	1,250,179
David S. Wichmann											
Annual Cash Incentive Award ⁽²⁾	—	1,831,500	2,035,000	4,070,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2016-18 Long-Term Incentive Award ⁽³⁾	—	1,978	550,000	1,100,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Performance Share Award ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	107	29,687	59,374	—	—	—	3,300,007
RSU Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,844	—	—	1,650,059
Stock Option Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	83,485	111.16	1,649,664
Larry C. Renfro											
Annual Cash Incentive Award ⁽²⁾	—	1,831,500	2,035,000	4,070,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2016-18 Long-Term Incentive Award ⁽³⁾	—	1,978	550,000	1,100,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Performance Share Award ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	107	29,687	59,374	—	—	—	3,300,007
RSU Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,844	—	—	1,650,059
Stock Option Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	83,485	111.16	1,649,664
Marianne D. Short											
Annual Cash Incentive Award ⁽²⁾	—	720,000	800,000	1,600,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2016-18 Long-Term Incentive Award ⁽³⁾	—	1,439	400,000	800,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Performance Share Award ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	50	13,944	27,888	—	—	—	1,550,015
RSU Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,972	—	—	775,008
Stock Option Award ⁽⁴⁾	2/9/2016	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	39,213	111.16	774,849

* Please see “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” above for a description of our executive compensation program necessary for an understanding of the information disclosed in this table.

- (1) The actual value to be realized by a named executive officer depends upon the appreciation in value of the Company’s stock and the length of time the award is held. No value will be realized with respect to any stock option award if the Company’s stock price does not increase following the grant date. For a description of the assumptions used in computing grant date fair value for stock option awards pursuant to FASB ASC Topic 718, see Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. The grant date fair value of each RSU award and targeted grant date value of each performance share award was computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 based on the closing stock price on the grant date.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

- (2) Amounts represent estimated payouts of annual cash incentive awards granted under our Executive Incentive Plan in 2016. The Executive Incentive Plan permits a maximum annual bonus pool for executive officers equal to 2% of the Company's net income (as defined in the plan) and no executive officer may receive more than 25% of such annual bonus pool. The Compensation Committee has generally limited annual cash incentive payouts to not more than two times the target amount, and the maximum amounts shown for each named executive officer equal two times each executive officer's target amount. In order for any amount to be paid, the Company must achieve approved performance measures of (i) revenue, (ii) operating income, (iii) cash flow, (iv) consumer, customer and physician satisfaction, (v) employee engagement and (vi) employee teamwork. The estimated threshold award represents the amount that may be paid if threshold performance is achieved on each of the performance measures. Once threshold performance is achieved, the Compensation Committee has the discretion to pay an award. The actual annual cash incentive amounts earned in connection with the 2016 awards are reported in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table.
- (3) Amounts represent estimated future payouts of long-term cash incentive awards granted under our Executive Incentive Plan in 2016 for the 2016-2018 performance period to be paid in 2019. The Executive Incentive Plan permits a maximum long-term bonus pool for executive officers equal to 2% of the Company's average net income (as defined in the plan) during the performance period and no executive officer may receive more than 25% of such long-term bonus pool. The Compensation Committee has limited the long-term cash incentive payout maximum amount to not more than two times each named executive officer's target amount, which is reflected in the maximum payout column. In 2016, upon recommendation by management, the Compensation Committee approved a cumulative EPS measure and an average ROE measure for the 2016-2018 incentive period, either one of which must be achieved before the threshold amount shown above becomes earned and payable. Each measure is weighted equally. The Compensation Committee will determine whether the goals have been achieved at the end of the performance period. The estimated threshold award represents the amount that may be paid if threshold performance on one of the performance measures is exceeded. Once threshold performance is achieved, the Compensation Committee has the discretion to pay an award ranging from 0% up to a maximum of 200% of target. The estimated threshold, target and maximum awards listed in the table were computed based on participants' estimated average salary over the 2016-2018 performance period. This three-year average salary was determined using participants' actual 2016 salaries earned and estimates of salaries for 2017 and 2018.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

(4) Amounts represent grants under the 2011 Stock Incentive Plan with the terms set forth below. In addition, the RSUs are eligible to receive dividend equivalents, which are subject to the same terms as the RSUs and will be forfeited if the underlying RSUs do not vest. No dividend equivalents are paid on performance shares.

Award Type and Vesting Terms	Termination Provisions
Performance Share Award (3-year performance period with cliff vesting)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unvested performance share awards will vest if, within two years of a change in control, an executive terminates employment for Good Reason or is terminated without Cause (<i>i.e.</i>, “double trigger” vesting). The number of performance awards that vest will be dependent upon the performance vesting criteria that have been satisfied. If the executive officer is retirement-eligible, upon retirement, the number of performance shares that are earned at the end of the performance period based on actual performance, if any, will vest as if the executive officer had been continuously employed throughout the entire performance period, provided the executive officer had served for at least one year of the performance period. Upon death, disability or termination of employment for Good Reason or other than for Cause (as these terms are defined in the award agreement), the executive officer will receive at the end of the applicable performance period, a pro rata number of performance shares that are earned, if any, based on the number of full months employed plus, if applicable, the number of months for any severance period.
RSU Award (4-year ratable vesting*) and Stock Option Award (4-year ratable vesting)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unless the executive officer is retirement-eligible, award is subject to earlier termination upon certain events related to termination of employment. Unvested award will vest in full upon death or disability. Unvested award will vest in full if, within two years of a change in control, an executive terminates employment for Good Reason or is terminated without Cause (<i>i.e.</i>, “double trigger” vesting), as these terms are defined in the award agreement.

* Except as provided in footnote 4 to the Outstanding Equity Awards at 2016 Fiscal Year-End table with respect to Mr. Hemsley and Mr. Renfro.

(5) Amounts represent the estimated future number of performance shares that may be earned under our 2011 Stock Incentive Plan at each of the threshold, target and maximum levels. The performance share award will be paid out in shares of Company common stock. The number of performance shares that the executive officer will receive will be determined at the conclusion of the 2016-2018 performance period and will be dependent upon the Company’s achievement of a cumulative EPS measure and an average ROE measure approved by the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee has the discretion to reduce the number of performance shares an executive officer is entitled to receive. The estimated threshold award represents the number of performance shares that may be awarded if threshold performance is achieved on one of the performance measures.

(6) Amounts represent grants made to Mr. Rex in connection with his appointment as CFO of the Company.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Outstanding Equity Awards at 2016 Fiscal Year-End

The following table presents information regarding outstanding equity awards held at the end of fiscal year 2016 by our named executive officers.

Name	Option/SAR Awards					Stock Awards				
	Date of Option/SAR Grant	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options/SARs (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options/SARs (#) Unexercisable	Option/SAR Exercise/Grant Price (\$)	Option/SAR Expiration Date ⁽¹⁾	Stock Award Grant Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) ⁽²⁾	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares or Units That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market Value of Unearned Shares or Units That Have Not Vested (\$) ⁽²⁾
Stephen J. Hemsley	2/9/2016	—	118,270 ⁽³⁾	111.16	2/9/2026	2/9/2016	21,386 ⁽⁴⁾	3,422,615	—	—
	2/10/2015	25,919	77,759 ⁽³⁾	108.97	2/10/2025	2/9/2016	—	—	42,057 ⁽⁶⁾	6,730,802
	2/12/2014	41,959	41,959 ⁽³⁾	70.24	2/12/2024	2/10/2015	16,620 ⁽⁴⁾	2,659,865	—	—
	2/6/2013	74,484	24,828 ⁽³⁾	57.38	2/6/2023	2/10/2015	—	—	42,902 ⁽⁶⁾	6,866,036
	2/9/2010	114,036	—	33.00	2/9/2020	2/12/2014	14,014 ⁽⁴⁾	2,242,801	—	—
	2/23/2009	169,683	—	29.74	2/23/2019	2/12/2014	28,538 ⁽⁵⁾	4,567,222	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	2/6/2013	8,715 ⁽⁴⁾	1,394,749	—	—
John F. Rex	6/7/2016	—	56,416 ⁽³⁾	136.94	6/7/2026	6/7/2016	9,248 ⁽⁴⁾	1,480,050	—	—
	2/9/2016	—	31,623 ⁽³⁾	111.16	2/9/2026	2/9/2016	5,718 ⁽⁴⁾	915,109	—	—
	2/10/2015	6,376	19,128 ⁽³⁾	108.97	2/10/2025	2/9/2016	—	—	11,246 ⁽⁶⁾	1,799,810
	2/12/2014	22,378	22,379 ⁽³⁾	70.24	2/12/2024	2/10/2015	4,089 ⁽⁴⁾	654,404	—	—
	2/6/2013	39,729	13,243 ⁽³⁾	57.38	2/6/2023	2/10/2015	—	—	10,554 ⁽⁶⁾	1,689,062
	6/5/2012	80,000	—	56.04	6/5/2022	2/12/2014	7,474 ⁽⁴⁾	1,196,139	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	2/12/2014	12,706 ⁽⁵⁾	2,033,468	—	—
David S. Wichmann	2/9/2016	—	83,485 ⁽³⁾	111.16	2/9/2026	2/9/2016	15,096 ⁽⁴⁾	2,415,964	—	—
	2/10/2015	18,296	54,889 ⁽³⁾	108.97	2/10/2025	2/9/2016	—	—	29,687 ⁽⁶⁾	4,751,107
	2/12/2014	25,175	25,176 ⁽³⁾	70.24	2/12/2024	2/10/2015	11,732 ⁽⁴⁾	1,877,589	—	—
	2/6/2013	44,690	14,897 ⁽³⁾	57.38	2/6/2023	2/10/2015	—	—	30,284 ⁽⁶⁾	4,846,651
	2/9/2010	76,024	—	33.00	2/9/2020	2/12/2014	8,409 ⁽⁴⁾	1,345,776	—	—
	2/23/2009	113,122	—	29.74	2/23/2019	2/12/2014	44,842 ⁽⁵⁾	7,176,514	—	—
	6/5/2008	203,642	—	33.94	6/5/2018	2/6/2013	5,229 ⁽⁴⁾	836,849	—	—
Larry C. Renfro	2/9/2016	—	83,485 ⁽³⁾	111.16	2/9/2026	2/9/2016	15,096 ⁽⁴⁾	2,415,964	—	—
	2/10/2015	18,296	54,889 ⁽³⁾	108.97	2/10/2025	2/9/2016	—	—	29,687 ⁽⁶⁾	4,751,107
	2/12/2014	25,175	25,176 ⁽³⁾	70.24	2/12/2024	2/10/2015	11,732 ⁽⁴⁾	1,877,589	—	—
	2/6/2013	44,690	14,897 ⁽³⁾	57.38	2/6/2023	2/10/2015	—	—	30,284 ⁽⁶⁾	4,846,651
	—	—	—	—	—	2/12/2014	8,409 ⁽⁴⁾	1,345,776	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	2/12/2014	44,842 ⁽⁵⁾	7,176,514	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	2/6/2013	5,229 ⁽⁴⁾	836,849	—	—
Marianne D. Short	2/9/2016	—	39,213 ⁽³⁾	111.16	2/9/2026	2/9/2016	7,090 ⁽⁴⁾	1,134,684	—	—
	2/10/2015	8,593	25,782 ⁽³⁾	108.97	2/10/2025	2/9/2016	—	—	13,944 ⁽⁶⁾	2,231,598
	2/12/2014	16,784	16,784 ⁽³⁾	70.24	2/12/2024	2/10/2015	5,511 ⁽⁴⁾	881,980	—	—
	2/6/2013	39,725	13,242 ⁽³⁾	57.38	2/6/2023	2/10/2015	—	—	14,225 ⁽⁶⁾	2,276,569
	—	—	—	—	—	2/12/2014	5,605 ⁽⁴⁾	897,024	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	2/12/2014	14,947 ⁽⁵⁾	2,392,118	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	2/6/2013	9,296 ⁽⁴⁾	1,487,732	—	—

(1) The expiration date shown is the latest date that stock options/SARs may be exercised. Stock options/SARs may terminate earlier in certain circumstances, such as in connection with the named executive officer's termination of employment.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

- (2) Based on the per share closing market price of our common stock on December 31, 2016 of \$160.04.
- (3) Vest 25% annually over a four-year period beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date.
- (4) Vest 25% annually over a four-year period beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date, other than for retirement eligible executive officers. A portion of a retirement eligible executive officer's award that otherwise would have vested on the next specified vesting date is cancelled to pay applicable FICA taxes owed by the executive officer. The cancellation occurs in the year of grant if the executive officer is retirement eligible during that year or in the first year the executive officer becomes retirement eligible. The remainder of the award vests proportionally over the remaining vesting period. Messrs. Hemsley and Renfro are retirement eligible. These RSUs are eligible to and did receive dividend equivalents converted into additional shares; accordingly, the number of shares shown has been rounded up to the nearest whole share. For more information on RSUs cancelled in 2016, please see the 2016 Option Exercises and Stock Vested table.
- (5) Vest 100% on February 12, 2017. These RSUs are eligible to and did receive dividend equivalents converted into additional shares; accordingly, the number of shares shown has been rounded up to the nearest whole share.
- (6) Vest 100% at the end of the three-year performance period. The number of performance shares that the executive officer will receive is dependent upon the achievement of a cumulative EPS measure and an average ROE measure approved by the Compensation Committee. The number of performance shares reported above for grants made in 2016 and 2015 is at the target number established by the Compensation Committee because we currently believe that is the probable outcome of the performance conditions based on the Company's performance through December 31, 2016.

2016 Option Exercises and Stock Vested

The following table presents information regarding the exercise of stock options during fiscal year 2016 by our named executive officers and vesting of restricted stock awards held by our named executive officers for fiscal year 2016.

Name	Option Awards		Stock Awards	
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)	Value Realized on Vesting (\$)
Stephen J. Hemsley	200,000	10,776,000 ⁽²⁾	94,564	14,176,695 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾
John F. Rex	—	—	21,090	2,646,940 ⁽³⁾
David S. Wichmann	150,000	10,963,500 ⁽²⁾	57,328	8,545,101 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾
Larry C. Renfro	—	—	61,197	9,163,600 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾
Marianne D. Short	—	—	43,175	6,249,716 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

- (1) Computed by determining the market value per share of the shares acquired based on the difference between: (a) the per share market value of our common stock at exercise, defined as the closing price on the date of exercise, or the weighted average selling price if same-day sales occurred, and (b) the exercise price of the stock options.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

(2) The value was computed as described in footnote 1 above and was based on the following:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Date of Award</u>	<u>Exercise Date</u>	<u>Number of Options Exercised</u>	<u>Market Price at Exercise</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>
Stephen J. Hemsley	1/31/2006	1/29/2016	200,000	113.30	59.42
David S. Wichmann	5/2/2006	3/2/2016	150,000	121.67	48.58

(3) Reflects the vesting of a portion of the RSUs granted. The value realized on vesting was computed based on the following:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Date of Award</u>	<u>Vesting Date</u>	<u>Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting</u>	<u>Market Price at Vesting</u>	<u>Value Realized on Vesting</u>
Stephen J. Hemsley	2/6/2013	2/6/2016	8,569	111.72	957,329
	2/12/2014	2/12/2016	6,890	111.82	770,440
	2/10/2015	2/10/2016	4,458	112.74	502,595
John F. Rex	6/5/2012	6/5/2016	4,766	136.84	652,179
	2/6/2013	2/6/2016	4,570	111.72	510,560
	6/4/2013	6/4/2016	6,740	136.84	922,302
	2/12/2014	2/12/2016	3,674	111.82	410,827
	2/10/2015	2/10/2016	1,340	112.74	151,072
David S. Wichmann	2/6/2013	2/6/2016	5,142	111.72	574,464
	2/12/2014	2/12/2016	4,134	111.82	462,264
	2/10/2015	2/10/2016	3,845	112.74	433,485
Larry C. Renfro	2/6/2013	2/6/2016	5,142	111.72	574,464
	2/12/2014	2/12/2016	4,134	111.82	462,264
	2/10/2015	2/10/2016	3,845	112.74	433,485
Marianne D. Short	2/6/2013	2/6/2016	9,141	111.72	1,021,233
	2/12/2014	2/12/2016	2,756	111.82	308,176
	2/10/2015	2/10/2016	1,806	112.74	203,608

(4) Also reflects the performance shares earned for the 2014-2016 performance period that ended on December 31, 2016 because performance targets were met. The value shown as realized on December 31, 2016 is based on the number of shares earned for the 2014-2016 performance period using the per share closing market price of our common stock on December 31, 2016, although shares were not issued until the Compensation Committee certified the performance results on February 8, 2017:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Date of Award</u>	<u>Performance Period Completion Date</u>	<u>Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting</u>	<u>Market Price at End of Performance Period</u>	<u>Value Realized on Vesting</u>
Stephen J. Hemsley	2/12/2014	12/31/2016	73,677	160.04	11,791,267
David S. Wichmann	2/12/2014	12/31/2016	44,207	160.04	7,074,888
Larry S. Renfro	2/12/2014	12/31/2016	44,207	160.04	7,074,888
Marianne D. Short	2/12/2014	12/31/2016	29,472	160.04	4,716,699

(5) Reflects the cancellation on December 14, 2016 of RSUs for the payment of FICA tax liability. The value realized was computed based on a closing stock price of \$159.86 on December 14, 2016.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Date of Award</u>	<u>Vesting Date</u>	<u>Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting</u>	<u>Market Price at Vesting</u>	<u>Value Realized on Vesting</u>
Stephen J. Hemsley	2/9/2016	12/14/2016	970	159.86	155,064
Larry C. Renfro	2/6/2013	12/14/2016	237	159.86	37,887
	2/12/2014	12/14/2016	381	159.86	60,907
	2/12/2014	12/14/2016	2,034	159.86	325,155
	2/10/2015	12/14/2016	532	159.86	85,046
	2/9/2016	12/14/2016	685	159.86	109,504

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

2016 Pension Benefits

The following table presents information regarding the present value of accumulated benefits payable under our non-qualified defined-benefit pension plans covering our named executive officers for fiscal year 2016.

Name	Plan Name	Number of Years Credited Service (#)	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$)
Stephen J. Hemsley	Individual Agreement for Supplemental Executive Retirement Pay	— ⁽¹⁾	12,773,328 ⁽¹⁾	—
John F. Rex	N/A	—	—	—
David S. Wichmann	N/A	—	—	—
Larry C. Renfro	N/A	—	—	—
Marianne D. Short	N/A	—	—	—

- (1) In 2006, the amount of Mr. Hemsley's supplemental retirement benefit was frozen based on his age and average base salary at the time and converted into a lump sum of \$10,703,229. As described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this proxy statement, on June 7, 2016, the Company amended Mr. Hemsley's SERP to convert the \$10,703,229 cash benefit into a number of DSUs based on the average closing price of the Company's common stock over the preceding five trading days from the date of conversion (\$135.846), which resulted in 78,789 DSUs issued on June 7, 2016. The DSUs held in the SERP are eligible to receive dividend equivalents in the form of additional DSUs, which are paid at the same rate and at the same time that dividends are paid to the Company's shareholders. During 2016, Mr. Hemsley received dividend equivalents equal to 1,024 DSUs, which were added to the SERP. As of December 31, 2016, upon termination of Mr. Hemsley's employment for any reason, the amount of the benefit to which Mr. Hemsley is entitled is 79,813 DSUs, which had a value of \$12,773,328 as of December 31, 2016. The SERP balance will be paid six months and one day after his termination.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

2016 Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation

The following table presents information as of the end of 2016 regarding the non-qualified deferred compensation arrangements for our named executive officers for fiscal year 2016.

Name (a)	Executive Contributions in Last FY (\$) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (b)	Registrant Contributions in Last FY (\$) ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ (c)	Aggregate Earnings in Last FY (\$) ⁽⁴⁾ (d)	Aggregate Withdrawals/Distributions (\$) ⁽⁵⁾ (e)	Aggregate Balance at Last FYE (\$) ⁽⁶⁾ (f)
Stephen J. Hemsley	243,000	121,500	1,240,744	—	11,553,210
John F. Rex	94,315	47,158	61,929	—	472,388
David S. Wichmann	287,202	123,000	627,460	—	5,788,606
Larry C. Renfro	246,000	123,000	53,749	—	1,213,930
Marianne D. Short	115,500	57,750	40,242	—	1,008,504

- (1) All amounts in these columns have been reported as compensation in the 2016 Summary Compensation Table.
- (2) Named executive officers are eligible to participate in our Executive Savings Plan, which is a non-qualified deferred compensation plan. Under the plan, employees may generally defer up to 80% of their eligible annual base salary (100% prior to January 1, 2007) and up to 100% of their annual and long-term cash incentive awards. Amounts deferred, including Company credits, are credited to a bookkeeping account maintained for each participant, and are distributable pursuant to an election made by the participant as to time and form of payment that is made prior to the time of deferral. The Company maintains a Rabbi Trust for the plan. The Company's practice is to set aside amounts in the Rabbi Trust to be used to pay for all benefits under the plan, but the Company is under no obligation to do so except in the event of a change in control.
- (3) For the first 6% of the employee's base salary and annual incentive award deferrals under our Executive Savings Plan, the Company provides a matching credit of up to 50% of amounts deferred at the time of each deferral. This matching credit does not apply to deferrals of long-term cash incentive awards or other special incentive awards.
- (4) Amounts deferred are credited with earnings from measuring investments selected by the employee from a collection of unaffiliated mutual funds identified by the Company. The Executive Savings Plan does not credit above-market earnings or preferential earnings to amounts deferred. The returns on the mutual funds available to employees during 2016 ranged from 0.28% to 23.53%, with a median return of 7.75% for the year ended December 31, 2016. Employees may change their selection of measuring investments on a daily basis.
- (5) Under our Executive Savings Plan, unless an employee in the plan elects to receive distributions during the term of his or her employment with the Company, benefits will be paid no earlier than at the beginning of the year following the employee's termination. However, upon a showing of severe financial hardship, an employee may be allowed to access funds in his or her deferred compensation account earlier. Benefits can be received either as a lump sum payment, in five or ten annual installments, in pre-selected amounts and on pre-selected dates, or a combination thereof. An employee may change his or her election with respect to the timing and form of distribution for such deferrals under certain conditions. However, for deferrals relating to services performed on or after January 1, 2004, employees may not accelerate the timing of the distributions.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

(6) This column includes the amounts shown in columns (b) and (c) as well as the following amounts reported in the summary compensation table for prior years:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount Previously Reported</u>
Stephen J. Hemsley	\$7,716,976
John F. Rex	—
David S. Wichmann	\$2,288,150
Larry C Renfro	\$ 927,537
Marianne D. Short	\$ 868,062

Executive Employment Agreements

We have entered into an employment agreement with each of the named executive officers. The following is a summary of the material terms of those agreements.

Stephen J. Hemsley

On November 7, 2006, the Board of Directors entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Hemsley to serve as CEO. On December 14, 2010, the employment agreement was amended to extend the employment period to December 1, 2014. The employment agreement extends automatically for additional one-year periods after December 1, 2014 unless sooner terminated in accordance with its terms. During the period of his employment, the Board of Directors will nominate Mr. Hemsley for election to the Board of Directors by the shareholders of the Company.

Summary of Compensation Components

Under his employment agreement, Mr. Hemsley receives a base salary of \$1,300,000, with any increases at the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee and ultimately the independent members of the Board of Directors. Mr. Hemsley's employment agreement does not set any minimum or target level for any bonus or other incentive compensation. All bonus and incentive compensation awards are solely at the discretion of the Compensation Committee. Mr. Hemsley is eligible to participate in the Company's generally available employee benefit programs.

Termination Provisions

Upon termination of Mr. Hemsley's employment for any reason, he is entitled to a supplemental retirement benefit in the amount of \$12,773,328, payable in DSUs, which will be paid six months and one day after his termination.

If Mr. Hemsley's employment is terminated by the Company without Cause, other than upon expiration of the term of the employment agreement, or by Mr. Hemsley for Good Reason, the Company will pay Mr. Hemsley a lump sum in an amount equal to his annual base salary for 12 months.

If Mr. Hemsley's employment is terminated because of his death or permanent disability, the Company will pay him or his beneficiaries a lump sum in an amount equal to two years total compensation of base salary plus the average bonus for the last two calendar years, excluding any special or one-time bonus or incentive compensation payments.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	-------------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

If Mr. Hemsley’s employment is terminated by the Company for Cause, by Mr. Hemsley without Good Reason or because of his retirement or upon expiration of the term of the employment agreement, he will not be entitled to any further compensation from the Company other than earned but unpaid salary and benefits.

Material Definitions

As defined in the employment agreement, “Cause” generally means (a) willful and continued failure to perform his duties after written notice and a failure to remedy the deficiency, (b) a violation of the Company’s Code of Conduct that is materially detrimental to the Company and is not remedied after written notice, (c) engaging in fraud, material dishonesty or gross misconduct in connection with the Company’s business, (d) conviction of a felony, or (e) willful and material breach of the employment agreement that is not remedied after written notice.

As defined in the employment agreement, “Good Reason” generally means (a) an assignment of duties inconsistent with his position or duties or other diminution of duties, (b) a relocation of primary work location by more than 25 miles, (c) failure by the Board of Directors to elect Mr. Hemsley as CEO, (d) failure by the Board of Directors to nominate Mr. Hemsley to serve on the Board of Directors, (e) the Company’s failure to pay or provide Mr. Hemsley’s base salary, incentive compensation or other benefits, or (f) any other material breach of Mr. Hemsley’s employment agreement that is not remedied.

Non-Solicitation, Non-Competition and Confidentiality Provisions

Pursuant to the employment agreement, Mr. Hemsley is subject to provisions prohibiting his solicitation of the Company’s employees and customers or competing with the Company during the term of the employment agreement and the longer of two years following termination or the period that severance payments are made to him under the employment agreement. In addition, he is prohibited at all times from disclosing confidential information related to the Company.

John F. Rex, David S. Wichmann, Larry C. Renfro and Marianne D. Short

Messrs. Rex, Wichmann and Renfro and Ms. Short have entered into employment agreements with the Company. Under those agreements, they each report to the CEO of the Company. The table below and the narrative that follows summarize the material terms of their respective employment agreements.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Summary of Compensation Components

Compensation Component	John F. Rex	David S. Wichmann	Larry C. Renfro	Marianne D. Short
Base salary ⁽¹⁾	✓	✓	✓	✓
Participation in incentive compensation plans ⁽¹⁾	✓	✓	✓	✓
Stock-based awards ⁽¹⁾	✓	✓	✓	✓
\$2 million term life insurance policy ⁽²⁾	✓	✓	✓	✓
Long-term disability policy ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	✓	✓	✓	✓
One-time sign-on / promotion equity award and / or bonus	✓			✓
Additional service credit ⁽⁴⁾			✓	
Reasonable non-business use of corporate aircraft ⁽⁵⁾		✓	✓	
Generally available employee benefit programs	✓	✓	✓	✓

- (1) Any adjustments to base salary, actual bonuses payable and stock-based awards are at the discretion of the Compensation Committee.
- (2) Benefit provided at the Company's expense.
- (3) Annual benefit covers 60% of eligible base salary in the event of a qualifying long-term disability, subject to the terms of the policy.
- (4) Mr. Renfro's employment agreement (a) states that for purposes of determining his eligibility for retirement, he will receive two years of service credit for each year he remains employed with the Company after age 59 and (b) clarifies that he will be deemed eligible for retirement if, prior to otherwise becoming eligible for retirement, his employment is terminated by the Company without Cause or he resigns for Good Reason.
- (5) Required to reimburse the Company for full incremental costs associated with such use.

Termination Provisions and Material Definitions

Each employment agreement and each executive officer's employment may be terminated (a) by mutual agreement (b) by the Company with or without Cause, (c) by the executive officer and (d) upon the executive officer's death or disability that renders him or her incapable of performing the essential functions of his or her job, with or without reasonable accommodation. Each executive officer may also terminate his or her employment agreement and employment at any time for Good Reason. If the executive officer's employment is terminated by the Company without Cause or by the executive officer for Good Reason, the Company will provide the executive officer with outplacement services consistent with those provided to similarly situated executives and pay the executive officer severance compensation equal to the sum of (a) 200% of his or her annualized base salary as of his or her termination date, (b) 200% of the average of his or her last two calendar year bonuses, excluding any equity awards and any special or one-time bonus or incentive compensation payments, and (c) \$12,000 to offset the costs of benefit continuation coverage. The severance compensation will be payable over a 24-month period for Messrs. Rex and Wichmann and Ms. Short and will be payable over a 12-month period for Mr. Renfro. In addition, if the Company terminates Mr. Rex's employment without Cause or if Mr. Rex terminates employment for Good Reason, Mr. Rex has the option to remain employed in an advisory capacity for one year (at his then-current annual base salary and target bonus) following notification of termination.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Applicable definitions for the employment agreements follow.

Term	Definition
Cause	<p>Means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Material failure to follow the Company's reasonable direction or to perform any duties reasonably required on material matters; • A material violation of, or failure to act upon known or suspected violations of, the Company's Code of Conduct; • Conviction of any felony, commission of any criminal, fraudulent or dishonest act, or any conduct that is materially detrimental to the Company's interests; or • Material breach of the employment agreement. <p>The Company must provide the executive officer with written notice of Cause within 120 days of discovery, and the executive officer will have 60 days to remedy the conduct, if the conduct is reasonably capable of being remedied.</p>
Good Reason	<p>Exists if the Company:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduces the executive officer's base salary or long- or short-term target bonus percentage other than in connection with a general reduction affecting a group of similarly situated employees; • Moves the executive officer's primary work location more than 50 miles; • Makes changes that substantially diminish the executive officer's duties or responsibilities*; or • Changes the executive officer's reporting relationship. <p>The executive officer must give the Company written notice of the circumstances constituting Good Reason within 120 days of becoming aware of the circumstances, and the Company will have 60 days to remedy the circumstances.</p>

* For Mr. Rex, "Good Reason" also exists if the Company makes a change so that he no longer serves as both CFO of the Company and a member of the Office of the CEO of the Company. For Mr. Renfro, "Good Reason" also exists if the Company makes a change so that he no longer holds the positions of Vice Chairman of the Company and CEO of Optum, Inc. or other equivalent positions.

Non-Solicitation, Non-Competition and Confidentiality Provisions

Pursuant to their respective employment agreements, each executive officer is subject to provisions prohibiting his or her solicitation of the Company's employees or competing with the Company during the term of the employment agreement and for two years following termination for any reason. In addition, each executive officer is prohibited at all times from disclosing confidential information related to the Company.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control

The following table describes the potential payments to named executive officers upon termination of employment or a change in control of the Company as of December 31, 2016. Amounts are calculated based on the benefits available to the named executive officers under existing plans and arrangements, including each of their employment agreements described under "Executive Employment Agreements."

Name	For Good Reason or Not For Cause (\$)	Death (\$)	Disability (\$)	Retirement (\$)	Change In Control (\$)
Stephen J. Hemsley					
Cash Payments	1,300,000	8,350,000	8,350,000	—	—
Annual Cash Incentive ⁽¹⁾	—	5,200,000	5,200,000	5,200,000	—
Long-Term Cash Incentive ⁽²⁾	—	1,311,111	1,311,111	1,311,111	1,311,111
DSUs in the SERP	12,773,328	12,773,328	12,773,328	12,773,328	12,773,328
Insurance Benefits	—	—	420,000	—	—
Acceleration of Equity ⁽³⁾	43,953,115	37,177,341	37,177,341	43,953,115	43,953,115
Total ⁽⁴⁾	58,026,443	64,811,780	65,231,780	63,237,554	58,037,554
John F. Rex					
Cash Payments	3,212,000	—	—	—	—
Annual Cash Incentive ⁽¹⁾	—	1,840,000	1,840,000	1,840,000	—
Long-Term Cash Incentive ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—	—
Insurance Benefits	—	2,000,000	480,000	—	—
Acceleration of Equity ⁽³⁾	13,487,185	17,036,707	17,036,707	—	18,799,547
Total ⁽⁴⁾	16,699,185	20,876,707	19,356,707	1,840,000	18,799,547
David S. Wichmann					
Cash Payments	8,212,000	—	—	—	—
Annual Cash Incentive ⁽¹⁾	—	4,070,000	4,070,000	4,070,000	—
Long-Term Cash Incentive ⁽²⁾	—	1,111,111	1,111,111	1,111,111	1,111,111
Insurance Benefits	—	2,000,000	660,000	—	—
Acceleration of Equity ⁽³⁾	29,115,893	29,141,638	29,141,638	—	33,924,434
Total ⁽⁴⁾	37,327,893	36,322,749	34,982,749	5,181,111	35,035,545
Larry C. Renfro					
Cash Payments	8,212,000	—	—	—	—
Annual Cash Incentive ⁽¹⁾	—	4,070,000	4,070,000	4,070,000	—
Long-Term Cash Incentive ⁽²⁾	—	1,111,111	1,111,111	1,111,111	1,111,111
Insurance Benefits	—	2,000,000	660,000	—	—
Acceleration of Equity ⁽³⁾	33,924,434	29,141,638	29,141,638	33,924,434	33,924,434
Total ⁽⁴⁾	42,136,434	36,322,749	34,982,749	39,105,545	35,035,545
Marianne D. Short					
Cash Payments	3,862,000	—	—	—	—
Annual Cash Incentive ⁽¹⁾	—	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	—
Long-Term Cash Incentive ⁽²⁾	—	807,265	807,265	807,265	807,265
Insurance Benefits	—	2,000,000	480,000	—	—
Acceleration of Equity ⁽³⁾	15,143,288	15,155,402	15,155,402	—	17,401,884
Total ⁽⁴⁾	19,005,288	19,562,667	18,042,667	2,407,265	18,209,149

- (1) Represents the maximum amount the Compensation Committee may in its discretion determine, but is not required, to pay the executive officer (or the executive officer's estate, if applicable) based upon a prorated portion of the award that the executive officer would have received but for his or her death, disability or retirement, calculated at the achievement of the maximum performance target, as more fully described in footnote 2 to the 2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards table. For the purposes of this table, the potential amounts have not been prorated because the table assumes a death, disability or retirement as of December 31, 2016.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

- (2) With respect to “Death,” “Disability” and “Retirement,” represents the maximum amount the Compensation Committee may in its discretion determine, but is not required, to pay the executive officer (or the executive officer’s estate, if applicable) based upon the portion of the incentive periods the executive officer served prior to death, disability or retirement and measurement of Company and executive performance based on performance through the end of the fiscal year of the Company which ends closest to the executive officer’s date of death, disability or retirement, calculated at the achievement of the maximum performance target, as more fully described in footnote 3 to the 2016 Grants of Plan-Based Awards table. With respect to “Change in Control,” represents the amount payable by the Company or its successor to each executive officer (or to be credited to the named executive officer’s account in the Company’s Executive Savings Plan if a timely deferral election is in effect), which is a prorated portion of the maximum long-term cash incentive award for which the executive officer is eligible for the 2015-2017 and 2016-2018 performance periods.
- (3) Represents the (i) unvested RSUs multiplied by the closing stock price on December 31, 2016 (\$160.04), (ii) intrinsic value of the unvested stock options, which is calculated based on the difference between the closing price of our stock on December 31, 2016 (\$160.04) and the exercise or grant price of the unvested stock options as of that date, and (iii) the number of performance shares earned if target performance is achieved multiplied by the closing stock price on December 31, 2016 (\$160.04). If maximum performance is achieved for the performance shares, the amounts for Acceleration of Equity would be (a) for “For Good Reason or Not for Cause,” \$57,549,953 for Mr. Hemsley; \$16,976,057 for Mr. Rex, \$38,713,652 for Mr. Wichmann; \$43,522,192 for Mr. Renfro; and \$19,651,455 for Ms. Short; (b) for “Death” and “Disability,” \$43,998,406 for Mr. Hemsley; \$18,762,738 for Mr. Rex, \$33,956,602 each for Messrs. Wichmann and Renfro; and \$17,417,087 for Ms. Short; (c) for “Retirement,” \$57,549,953 for Mr. Hemsley; and \$43,522,192 for Mr. Renfro; and (d) for “Change in Control,” \$57,549,953 for Mr. Hemsley; \$22,288,419 for Mr. Rex; \$43,522,192 each for Messrs. Wichmann and Renfro; and \$21,910,050 for Ms. Short.
- For “For Good Reason or Not for Cause,” the amount includes the value of unvested equity awards held by the named executive officer that will not immediately vest upon termination but will continue to vest through any applicable severance. For “Retirement,” the amount includes the value of certain unvested equity awards granted in 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016 that will continue to vest and be exercisable for a period of five years (but not after the award’s expiration date). The value of the awards that will not immediately vest is based on their intrinsic values on December 31, 2016. However, because these awards would continue to vest after termination of employment or retirement, the actual value the named executive officer would receive is not determinable. At December 31, 2016, Messrs. Hemsley and Renfro had met the retirement eligibility provisions.
- (4) Does not include value of benefits, plans or arrangements that would be paid or available following termination of employment that do not discriminate in scope, terms or operation in favor of our executive officers and that are generally available to all salaried employees or accrued balances under any non-qualified deferred compensation plan that is described above.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Proposal 2 — Advisory Approval of the Company’s Executive Compensation

The Board of Directors recognizes the significant interest of shareholders in executive compensation matters. As required by the Exchange Act, we are seeking shareholders’ views on our executive compensation philosophy and practices through an advisory vote on the following resolution at the Annual Meeting:

“Resolved, that the shareholders approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the named executive officers, as disclosed in this proxy statement pursuant to the compensation disclosure rules of the SEC, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the compensation tables and the related narrative disclosures.”

The Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the compensation tables and the related narrative disclosures appear on pages 30-65 of this proxy statement.

As discussed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the Board of Directors believes that our executive compensation program attracts and retains highly qualified executives while linking executive compensation directly to Company-wide performance and long-term shareholder interests. In deciding how to vote on this proposal, the Board of Directors asks you to consider the key points with regard to our executive compensation program included in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and in the “Executive Summary” section on pages 28-65 of this proxy statement.

This advisory proposal, commonly referred to as a “Say-on-Pay” proposal, is not binding on the Board of Directors. Although the voting results are not binding, the Board and the Compensation Committee will review and consider them when evaluating our executive compensation program. More than 95% of the votes cast were in favor of our executive compensation program at each of our annual meetings since our inaugural vote in 2011. An advisory vote regarding the frequency of future Say-on-Pay votes is included as Proposal 3 for this Annual Meeting.

In addition to our annual advisory vote to approve the Company’s executive compensation, we are committed to ongoing engagement with our shareholders on executive compensation and corporate governance issues. These engagement efforts take place throughout the year where appropriate through meetings, telephone calls and correspondence involving our senior management, directors and representatives of our shareholders.

For these reasons, the Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR approval of the compensation of the named executive officers, as disclosed in this proxy statement. Executed proxies will be voted FOR approval of the compensation of the named executive officers unless you specify otherwise.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Proposal 3 — Advisory Approval Regarding the Frequency of Holding Future Say-on-Pay Votes

As part of its commitment to understanding shareholder sentiment on the Company's executive compensation philosophy and practices, the Board of Directors is seeking shareholders' views on how frequently the Company should submit executive compensation for consideration by shareholders. Currently our shareholders vote on the Company's executive compensation every year. Shareholders may cast an advisory vote on whether to hold future advisory votes on executive compensation every one, two or three years or abstain. After careful consideration, the Board of Directors is recommending that shareholders approve continuing to hold a Say-on-Pay vote EVERY YEAR.

The Board of Directors believes holding an annual advisory vote on executive compensation is a best practice and is consistent with its policy of seeking regular input from shareholders on corporate governance matters and the Company's executive compensation philosophy and practices. This vote is not binding but rather will provide the Compensation Committee with shareholders' views on how frequently they desire to consider executive compensation. Although the vote is advisory, the Compensation Committee will take into account the outcome of the vote when considering how frequently the Company will submit executive compensation to a shareholder vote. Notwithstanding the outcome of the shareholder vote, the Board may in the future decide to conduct advisory votes on a more or less frequent basis and may vary its practice based on factors such as discussions with shareholders or the adoption of material changes to compensation programs.

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote to hold future Say-on-Pay votes EVERY YEAR. Proxies will be voted to hold future Say-on-Pay votes EVERY YEAR unless you specify otherwise.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

AUDIT COMMITTEE MATTERS

Audit Committee Report

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors is comprised of three non-employee directors, all of whom are audit committee financial experts, as defined by the SEC. The Board of Directors has determined that all of the members of the Audit Committee are independent within the meaning of the listing standards of the NYSE, the rules of the SEC and the Company’s Standards for Director Independence. The Audit Committee operates under a written charter adopted by the Board of Directors which you may access in the corporate governance section of our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/About/CorporateGovernance.aspx.

The Audit Committee has responsibility for selecting and evaluating the independent registered public accounting firm, which reports directly to the Audit Committee, overseeing the performance of the Company’s internal audit function, and assisting the Board of Directors in its oversight of enterprise risk management including privacy and data security. Management has primary responsibility for the Company’s consolidated financial statements and the overall reporting process, for maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and, with the assistance of the Company’s internal auditors, for assessing the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Deloitte & Touche LLP (“Deloitte”) has served as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm since 2002.

While it is not the duty of the Audit Committee to plan or conduct audits, the Audit Committee engages with the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm and the internal auditors regarding the overall scope and plans for their respective audits. The Company’s independent registered public accounting firm is responsible for performing an independent audit of the Company’s consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), expressing an opinion as to the conformity of the consolidated financial statements with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, and auditing management’s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. The Audit Committee’s responsibility is to monitor and oversee these processes. The Audit Committee also oversees management’s processes to identify and quantify material risks facing the Company, including risks disclosed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K. The Audit Committee meets regularly with the internal auditors and independent registered public accounting firm, with and without management present, to discuss the results of their examinations, the evaluation of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting and the overall quality of the Company’s accounting.

The Audit Committee has adopted a Policy for Approval of Independent Auditor Services (the “Policy”) outlining the scope of services that the independent registered public accounting firm may provide to the Company. The Policy sets forth guidelines and procedures the Company must follow when retaining the independent registered public accounting firm to perform audit, audit-related, tax and other services. The Policy also specifies certain non-audit services that may not be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm under any circumstances. Pursuant to these guidelines, the Audit Committee approves fee thresholds annually for each of these categories, and services within these thresholds are deemed pre-approved.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	--------------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Management represented to the Audit Committee that the Company's consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed with management and Deloitte in separate sessions the Company's consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, management's annual report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting and Deloitte's attestation. The Audit Committee also discussed with management and Deloitte the process used to support certifications by the Company's CEO and CFO that are required by the SEC and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 to accompany the Company's periodic filings with the SEC and the process used to support management's annual report on the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

The Audit Committee discussed with Deloitte matters required to be discussed by the applicable Public Company Accounting Oversight Board standards and Rule 2-07 of Regulation S-X. Deloitte also provided to the Audit Committee the written disclosures and the letter required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding Deloitte's communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence, and the Audit Committee discussed with Deloitte the accounting firm's independence. In considering the independence of Deloitte, the Audit Committee took into consideration whether the provision of non-audit services is compatible with maintaining the independence of Deloitte. In connection with its selection of Deloitte as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2017, the Audit Committee conducted a performance evaluation of Deloitte's services.

Based upon the Audit Committee's review of the financial statements, independent discussions with management and Deloitte, and the Audit Committee's review of the representation of management and the report of the independent registered public accounting firm to the Audit Committee, and subject to the limitations of the Audit Committee's role, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 filed with the SEC.

Members of the Audit Committee*

Glenn M. Renwick, Chair
 Robert J. Darretta
 Michele J. Hooper

* This report was approved by the Audit Committee prior to Mr. Burke becoming a member of the Audit Committee.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	--------------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Disclosure of Fees Paid to Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Aggregate fees billed to the Company for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 represent fees billed by the Company’s principal independent registered public accounting firm, Deloitte & Touche LLP, the member firms of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, and their respective affiliates, which includes Deloitte Consulting (collectively, “Deloitte & Touche”). The Audit Committee pre-approved the audit and non-audit services provided in the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 by Deloitte & Touche, as reflected in the table below.

Fee Category	Year	
	2016	2015
Audit Fees	\$19,691,000	\$17,576,000
Audit-Related Fees ⁽¹⁾	4,037,000	4,501,000
Total Audit and Audit-Related Fees	\$23,728,000	\$22,077,000
Tax Fees ⁽²⁾	5,441,000	842,000
All Other Fees ⁽³⁾	204,000	623,000
Total	\$29,373,000	\$23,542,000

- (1) Audit-Related Fees for 2016 and 2015 include benefit plan and other required audits, an audit of one of our subsidiaries, certain AICPA agreed-upon procedures and due diligence services.
- (2) Tax Fees include tax compliance, planning and support services. In 2016 and 2015 approximately \$285,000 and \$439,000, respectively, of Tax Fees were related to international tax services, and in 2016 approximately \$4,447,000 of Tax Fees were for business model operating design services. In 2016 and 2015 approximately \$109,000 and \$148,000, respectively, of Tax Fees were related to tax compliance (review and preparation of corporate and expatriate tax returns, review of the tax treatment for certain expenses and claims for refunds).
- (3) All Other Fees include consulting fees and fees relating to communications training.

Audit Committee’s Consideration of Independence of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Audit Committee has reviewed the nature of non-audit services provided by Deloitte & Touche and has concluded that these services are compatible with maintaining the firm’s ability to serve as our independent registered public accounting firm.

Audit and Non-Audit Services Approval Policy

The Audit Committee has adopted a Policy for Approval of Independent Auditor Services (the “Policy”) outlining the scope of services that Deloitte & Touche may provide to the Company. The Policy sets forth guidelines and procedures the Company must follow when retaining Deloitte & Touche to perform audit, audit-related, tax and other services. The Policy also specifies certain non-audit services that may not be performed by Deloitte & Touche under any circumstances. Pursuant to these guidelines, the Audit Committee approves fee thresholds annually for each of these categories, and services within these thresholds are deemed pre-approved. The Audit Committee

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

has delegated authority to the Chair of the Audit Committee to pre-approve permitted audit and non-audit services between regularly scheduled quarterly Audit Committee meetings, provided that such pre-approvals are presented to the Audit Committee at its next scheduled meeting. All fees reported above were approved pursuant to the Policy. The services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm and related fees are discussed with the Audit Committee, and the Policy is evaluated and updated periodically by the Audit Committee.

Proposal 4 — Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Audit Committee is directly responsible for the appointment, evaluation, compensation, retention and oversight of the independent registered public accounting firm retained to audit the Company’s financial statements. The Audit Committee has appointed Deloitte & Touche LLP (“Deloitte”) as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2017. Deloitte has been retained as our independent registered public accounting firm since 2002. The Audit Committee is responsible for approving audit fees associated with the retention of Deloitte. In order to assure continuing auditor independence, the Audit Committee periodically considers whether there should be a regular rotation of our independent registered public accounting firm. Further, as part of the Audit Committee’s assessment of Deloitte and in conjunction with the mandated rotation of the audit firm’s lead engagement partner, in November 2015, the Audit Committee interviewed candidates to become Deloitte’s new lead engagement partner and following those interviews, selected the individual who will become the new lead engagement partner in 2017.

The Board of Directors has proposed that shareholders ratify the appointment of Deloitte at the Annual Meeting. If shareholders do not ratify the appointment of Deloitte, the Audit Committee will reconsider the appointment but is not obligated to appoint another independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee evaluates, at least every three years, whether to rotate our independent registered public accounting firm.

Representatives of Deloitte are expected to be present at the meeting, will have an opportunity to make a statement and will be available to respond to questions from shareholders.

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR ratification of the appointment of Deloitte as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2017. Executed proxies will be voted FOR ratification of this appointment unless you specify otherwise.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

ANNUAL MEETING

Proposal 5 — Shareholder Proposal Regarding Lobbying Disclosure

We have been informed that the Comptroller of the State of New York intends to introduce the proposal set forth below at the Annual Meeting. In accordance with SEC rules, the text of the proposal is printed verbatim from the submission. The Company will provide to shareholders the address and reported holdings of the Company's common stock for the proposal sponsor promptly upon receiving an oral or written request. The Board of Directors has recommended a vote against this proposal for the reasons set forth following the proposal.

Shareholder Proposal — Lobbying Disclosure

Whereas, we believe full disclosure of UnitedHealth's direct and indirect lobbying activities and expenditures is required to assess whether UnitedHealth's lobbying is consistent with its expressed goals and in the best interests of shareholders.

Resolved, the shareholders of UnitedHealth Group Incorporated ("UnitedHealth") request the preparation of a report, updated annually, disclosing:

1. Company policy and procedures governing lobbying, both direct and indirect, and grassroots lobbying communications.
2. Payments by UnitedHealth used for (a) direct or indirect lobbying or (b) grassroots lobbying communications, in each case including the amount of the payment and the recipient.
3. UnitedHealth's membership in and payments to any tax-exempt organization that writes and endorses model legislation.
4. Description of the decision making process and oversight by management and the Board for making payments described in section 2 and 3 above.

For purposes of this proposal, a "grassroots lobbying communication" is a communication directed to the general public that (a) refers to specific legislation or regulation, (b) reflects a view on the legislation or regulation and (c) encourages the recipient of the communication to take action with respect to the legislation or regulation. "Indirect lobbying" is lobbying engaged in by a trade association or other organization of which UnitedHealth is a member.

Both "direct and indirect lobbying" and "grassroots lobbying communications" include efforts at the local, state and federal levels.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

The report shall be presented to the Audit Committee or other relevant oversight committees and posted on UnitedHealth's website.

Supporting Statement

We encourage transparency in the use of corporate funds to influence legislation and regulation. UnitedHealth spent \$5.25 million in 2014 and 2015 on federal lobbying. This figure does not include lobbying expenditures to influence legislation in states, where UnitedHealth also lobbies in 43 states (“Amid Federal Gridlock, Lobbying Rises in the States,” *Center for Public Integrity*, February 11, 2016), but disclosure is uneven or absent. UnitedHealth also lobbies abroad, and its lobbying in England has attracted media scrutiny (“Calls for Greater Disclosure on NHS Chiefs’ Meetings with Private US Health Insurer,” *The Guardian*, August 30, 2014).

Unlike its peers Aetna, Anthem, CIGNA and Humana, UnitedHealth does not disclose its memberships in, or payments to, trade associations, or the amounts used for lobbying. UnitedHealth will disclose its nondeductible trade association payments used for political contributions, but this does not include payments used for lobbying. This leaves a serious disclosure gap, as trade associations generally spend far more on lobbying than on political contributions. Absent a system of accountability and disclosure, corporate assets may be used for objectives that pose risks to the company. For example, UnitedHealth has previously made undisclosed trade association payments that were used for lobbying (“Insurers Gave U.S. Chamber \$86 Million Used to Oppose Obama’s Health Law,” *Bloomberg*, November 17, 2010).

Transparent reporting would reveal whether company assets are being used for objectives contrary to UnitedHealth’s long-term interests.

Board of Directors’ Recommendation

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends a vote AGAINST the foregoing proposal for the following reasons:

We have carefully considered this proposal and have concluded that it is not in the best interests of the Company and our shareholders and is redundant with existing comprehensive state and federal public disclosure requirements.

Background

We have, as a company, an obligation to our customers, the care providers with whom we partner and our shareholders to engage with policymakers. In this regard, we undertake efforts to inform public policymakers at the international, federal and state levels in an effort to improve the quality, sustainability, and delivery of health care, the outcomes of which affect our customers, care providers, employees, and the communities in which we operate. We engage people across the political spectrum through our activities, including advocacy efforts and thought leadership activities, educational outreach and campaign contributions.

This shareholder proposal relates to three components of the Company’s activities: transparency of the Company’s positions on public policy, and related policies and procedures; advocacy efforts including membership in different groups; and lobbying costs, both direct and indirect. As detailed below, our positions and advocacy efforts are

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

already well disclosed, and our disclosures regarding our expenditures — which are far below material financial levels — exceed applicable state and federal requirements.

Advocacy Activities

Lobbying activities are led by our Government Affairs group and subject to oversight by senior management. In addition, the Public Policy Committee of our Board of Directors oversees this function, including our health care reform and modernization activities, political contributions, government relations, community and charitable activities, third-party activities such as trade associations and industry group involvement, corporate social responsibility, as well as overseeing the risks associated with these activities. The Public Policy Committee of the Board of Directors receives, at each meeting, regular reports from management on these matters and reviews the purpose and results of the activities. The Committee then provides detailed reports to the full Board of Directors at each in-person meeting.

We comply fully with all state and federal laws concerning the disclosure of our lobbying activities and expenses including disclosures that are publicly available and which provide extensive detail regarding expenses and the nature of our lobbying activities. All proposed political contributions go through a legal and business approval process designed to ensure compliance with applicable federal and state campaign finance requirements, internal policies and, in the case of contributions from our PACs, applicable PAC’s bylaws. All contributions must reflect the Company’s interests and not those of its individual officers or directors. No campaign contributions are given in anticipation of, in recognition of, or in return for, an official act.

Legislative and Regulatory Priorities

Our advocacy and legislative priorities at the federal and state levels are publicly available in our “Modern, High-Performing, Simpler Health Care System,” including detailed information about our positions on health care reform and other public policy issues. It is all available on our website. In 2009, the Company formed the Center for Health Reform & Modernization to facilitate communication of new ideas to contain health care costs and improve quality and care. Drawing on the Company’s expertise, data and extensive external experience and partnerships, the Center for Health Reform & Modernization analyzes key health care issues, develops and offers innovative policies and practical solutions for the health care challenges facing our nation. We share this information freely and openly in the U.S. and internationally with the public, policymakers, academics, researchers, care providers, health plans, employers and other key health care stakeholders. All such information is also publicly available on our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/About/Modernization.aspx.

Trade Association Activity

We believe that it is in the best interests of our Company and our shareholders to belong to certain selected trade associations, industry coalitions, and other such groups when it will benefit the business. We have stated publicly that, in the normal course of business, we do not always agree with all positions taken by these groups. We offer a Political Contributions report on our website and, for those trade associations to which we paid dues in excess of \$50,000, our 2016 report includes the amounts that are not deductible under Section 162(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Our Lobbying-Related Expenditures are not Financially Material

Our expenses related to political and lobbying activities are not financially significant. In 2016, our total expenditures for all such activities, even using an overly broad definition, were significantly less than one tenth of one percent of our total operating costs. Therefore, we do not believe that an additional line-item disclosure of such amounts would be beneficial to our investors, and the cost of doing so would far exceed any perceived advantage. Accordingly, the Board does not believe that implementing this proposal is in the best interests of the Company or our shareholders.

Shareholders did not Approve Similar Proposals in Prior Years

Our shareholders were presented with substantially similar proposals at our 2014, 2013 and 2012 annual meetings. Over these three years, the highest proportion of favorable votes was 23.49%, and, accordingly, none of the proposals passed. In the shareholder supporting statement for this Annual Meeting, the proponent provides no new compelling arguments in support of a substantially similar proposal.

For these reasons, the Board of Directors recommends that you vote AGAINST this proposal. Executed proxies will be voted AGAINST this proposal unless you specify otherwise.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Questions and Answers About the Annual Meeting and Voting

1. What is the purpose of the Annual Meeting?

At the Annual Meeting, shareholders will act upon the matters outlined in the Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders. These include:

- election of directors;
- an advisory vote to approve our executive compensation (a “Say-on-Pay” vote);
- an advisory vote regarding the frequency of holding future Say-on-Pay votes;
- ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm; and
- if properly presented, one shareholder proposal.

Also, once the business of the Annual Meeting is concluded, management of the Company will give a business update. Management, Chairs of each standing Board committee and representatives of Deloitte & Touche LLP will be available to respond to questions from shareholders.

2. What is a proxy?

It is your legal designation of another person to vote the stock you own in the manner you direct. That other person is called a proxy. If you designate someone as your proxy in a written document, that document also is called a proxy or a proxy card. We have designated Dannette L. Smith and Amy L. Schneider to serve as proxies for the Annual Meeting. The Board of Directors will use the proxies at the 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. The proxies also may be voted at any adjournments or postponements of the meeting.

3. What is a proxy statement?

The Company’s Board of Directors is soliciting proxies for use at the 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. A proxy statement is a document we give you when we are soliciting your vote pursuant to SEC regulations.

4. What is the difference between a shareholder of record and a shareholder who holds stock in street name?

Shareholders of Record. If your shares are registered in your name with our transfer agent, Wells Fargo Shareowner Services, you are a shareholder of record with respect to those shares and the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials (“Notice”) or the proxy materials were sent directly to you by Broadridge Financial Solutions.

Street Name Holders. If you hold your shares in an account at a bank or broker, then you are the beneficial owner of shares held in “street name.” The Notice or proxy materials were forwarded to you by your bank or broker, who is considered the shareholder of record for purposes of voting at the Annual Meeting. As a beneficial owner, you have the right to direct your bank or broker on how to vote the shares held in your account.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

5. How many shares must be present to hold the Annual Meeting?

In order to conduct the Annual Meeting, holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote as of the close of business on the record date must be present in person or by proxy. This constitutes a quorum. Your shares are counted as present if you attend the Annual Meeting and vote in person, if you vote your proxy over the Internet or by telephone, or by mail. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted as present for purposes of establishing a quorum. If a quorum is not present, we will adjourn the Annual Meeting until a quorum is obtained.

6. How can I access the proxy materials for the Annual Meeting?

Shareholders may access the proxy materials, which include the Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders, Proxy Statement (including a form of proxy card) and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2016 on the Internet at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/proxymaterials. We will also provide a hard copy of any of these documents free of charge upon request to: UnitedHealth Group Incorporated, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343, Attention: Secretary to the Board of Directors.

Instead of receiving future copies of our proxy materials by mail, you can elect to receive an e-mail that will provide electronic links to these documents. Opting to receive your proxy materials online will save the cost of producing and mailing documents to your home or business, will give you an electronic link to the proxy voting site and will also help preserve environmental resources.

Shareholders of Record. If you vote on the Internet at www.proxyvote.com, simply follow the prompts for enrolling in the electronic proxy delivery service. You also may enroll in the electronic proxy delivery service at any time by going directly to www.unitedhealthgroup.com and following the enrollment instructions.

Street Name Holders. If you hold your shares in a bank or brokerage account, you also may have the opportunity to receive the proxy materials electronically. Please check the information provided in the proxy materials you receive from your bank or broker regarding the availability of this service.

7. How do I attend the Annual Meeting? What do I need to bring?

To attend the Annual Meeting, you will need to bring an admission ticket and valid photo identification.

Only our shareholders are entitled to attend the meeting. The procedure you must follow in order to attend the meeting depends on whether you are a shareholder of record or a street name holder of our common stock.

Shareholders of Record. If you are a shareholder of record and received a Notice, the Notice is your admission ticket. If you are a shareholder of record and received proxy materials by mail, your admission ticket is attached to your proxy card. You will need to bring the Notice or the admission ticket and valid photo identification with you to the Annual Meeting in order to be admitted to the meeting.

Street Name Holders. If you hold your shares in street name, bring with you to the Annual Meeting valid photo identification and your most recent brokerage statement or a letter from your broker or other nominee indicating that you hold our shares. We will use that statement or letter to verify your ownership of common stock and admit you to the Annual Meeting; *however, you will not be able to vote your shares at the Annual Meeting without a legal proxy, as described in Question 8.*

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Please note that use of cameras, phones or other similar electronic devices and the bringing of large bags, packages or sound or video recording equipment will not be permitted in the meeting room. Attendees will also be required to comply with meeting guidelines and procedures that will be available at the meeting. A copy of the meeting guidelines and procedures is also available on our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com/Investors/AnnualMeeting.aspx.

8. How can I vote at the Annual Meeting if I own shares in street name?

If you are a street name holder, you may not vote your shares at the Annual Meeting unless you obtain a legal proxy from your bank or broker. A legal proxy is a bank's or broker's authorization for you to vote the shares it holds in its name on your behalf. To obtain a legal proxy, please contact your bank or broker for further information.

9. What shares are included on the Notice, proxy card or voting instruction form?

If you are a shareholder of record, you will receive only one Notice or proxy card for all the shares of common stock you hold:

- in certificate form;
- in book-entry form; and
- in any Company benefit plan.

If you hold your shares in street name, you will receive one Notice or voting instruction form for each account you have with a bank or broker. If you hold shares in multiple accounts, you may need to provide voting instructions for each account.

If you hold shares in our 401(k) savings plan and do not vote your shares or specify your voting instructions on your proxy card, the administrators of the 401(k) savings plan will vote your 401(k) plan shares in the same proportion as the shares for which they have received voting instructions. ***To allow sufficient time for voting by the 401(k) administrators, your voting instructions must be received by 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on May 31, 2017.***

10. How can I listen to the live webcast of the Annual Meeting?

You can listen to the live webcast of the Annual Meeting by logging on to our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com and clicking on "Investors" and then on the link to the webcast. An archived copy of the webcast will also be available on our website for 14 days following the Annual Meeting.

11. What different methods can I use to vote?

By Written Proxy. All shareholders of record who received proxy materials by mail can vote by written proxy card. If you received a Notice or the proxy materials electronically, you may request a proxy card at any time by following the instructions on the Notice or on the voting website. If you are a street name holder, you will receive instructions on how you may vote from your bank or broker, unless you previously enrolled in electronic delivery.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

By Telephone or Internet. All shareholders of record can vote by telephone from the United States and Canada, using the toll-free telephone number on the proxy card, or through the Internet using the procedures and instructions described on the Notice or proxy card. Street name holders may vote by Internet or telephone if their bank or broker makes those methods available, in which case the bank or broker will enclose the instructions with the proxy materials. The Internet and telephone voting procedures are designed to authenticate shareholders' identities, allow shareholders to vote their shares and to confirm that their instructions have been properly recorded.

In Person. All shareholders of record may vote in person at the Annual Meeting. Street name holders may vote in person at the Annual Meeting if they have a legal proxy, as described in Question 8.

The Notice is not a proxy card and it cannot be used to vote your shares.

12. What is the record date and what does it mean?

The record date for the Annual Meeting is April 11, 2017. Only owners of record of shares of common stock of the Company at the close of business on the record date are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting, or at any adjournments or postponements of the Annual Meeting. On April 11, 2017, there were 964,110,164 shares of common stock issued, outstanding and entitled to vote. Each owner of record on the record date is entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held.

The record date was established by our Board of Directors as required by the Delaware General Corporation Law. Owners of record of common stock at the close of business on the record date are entitled to:

- receive notice of the Annual Meeting; and
- vote at the Annual Meeting and any adjournments or postponements of the Annual Meeting.

13. If I submit a proxy, may I later revoke it and/or change my vote?

Shareholders of record may revoke a proxy and/or change their vote prior to the completion of voting at the Annual Meeting by:

- signing another proxy card with a later date and delivering it to an officer of the Company before the Annual Meeting;
- voting again over the Internet or by telephone prior to 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on June 4, 2017;
- voting at the Annual Meeting; or
- notifying the Secretary to the Board of Directors in writing before the Annual Meeting.

Street name holders may revoke a proxy and/or change their vote prior to the completion of voting at the Annual Meeting by:

- submitting new voting instructions in the manner provided by your bank or broker; or
- contacting your bank or broker to request a legal proxy in order to vote your shares in person at the Annual Meeting.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

14. Are votes confidential? Who counts the votes?

We hold the votes of all shareholders in confidence from directors, officers and employees except:

- as necessary to meet applicable legal requirements and to assert or defend claims for or against the Company;
- in the case of a contested proxy solicitation;
- if a shareholder makes a written comment on the proxy card or otherwise communicates his or her vote to management; or
- to allow the independent inspectors of the election to certify the results of the vote.

We have retained Broadridge Financial Solutions to tabulate the votes. We have retained Carl T. Hagberg & Associates to act as independent inspector of the election.

15. How may I confirm my vote was counted?

We are offering our shareholders the opportunity to confirm their votes were cast in accordance with their instructions. Vote confirmation is consistent with our commitment to sound corporate governance standards and an important means to increase transparency. Beginning May 22, 2017 and for up to two months after the Annual Meeting, you may confirm your vote beginning 24 hours after your vote is received, whether it was cast by proxy card, electronically or telephonically. To obtain vote confirmation, log onto www.proxyvote.com using your control number (located on your Notice or proxy card) and receive confirmation on how your vote was cast. If you hold your shares through a bank or brokerage account, the ability to confirm your vote may be affected by the rules of your bank or broker and the confirmation will not confirm whether your bank or broker allocated the correct number of shares to you.

16. What are my choices when voting for director nominees and what vote is needed to elect directors?

In the vote on the election of director nominees, shareholders may:

- vote in favor of a nominee;
- vote against a nominee; or
- abstain from voting with respect to a nominee.

A director nominee will be elected if the number of votes cast “for” the nominee exceeds the number of votes cast “against” the nominee. To address a provision in Delaware law that allows a director who has not been re-elected to remain in office until a successor is elected and qualified, we have a policy requiring any director who does not receive a greater number of votes “for” than “against” his or her election in an uncontested election to tender his or her resignation from the Board of Directors following certification of the shareholder vote. Under this policy, the Board of Directors will determine whether to accept or reject the offer to resign within 90 days of certification of the shareholder vote. The text of this policy appears in our Principles of Governance, which is available on our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

17. What are my choices when voting on each of the other proposals considered at the Annual Meeting?

For each of the other proposals, other than the proposal regarding the frequency of holding future Say-on-Pay votes, shareholders may:

- vote for the proposal;
- vote against the proposal; or
- abstain from voting on the proposal.

For the proposal regarding the frequency of holding future Say-on-Pay votes, shareholders may:

- vote for every year;
- vote for every two years;
- vote for every three years; or
- abstain from voting on the proposal.

18. What vote is needed to approve each of the other proposals?

The proposal to ratify the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm and the shareholder proposal must be approved by the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock present and entitled to vote in person or by proxy at the Annual Meeting in order to pass. For the advisory vote to approve our executive compensation and the advisory vote regarding the frequency of future Say-on-Pay votes, there is no minimum approval necessary for either proposal since these are advisory votes; however, the Board of Directors will consider the results of the advisory votes when considering future decisions related to such proposals.

19. What is the Board's recommendation with regard to each proposal?

The Board of Directors makes the following recommendation with regard to each proposal:

- The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR each of the director nominees.
- The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR advisory approval of the Company's executive compensation.
- The Board of Directors recommends a vote to hold the Say-on-Pay vote EVERY YEAR (vote for "One Year").
- The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm.
- The Board of Directors recommends a vote AGAINST the shareholder proposal regarding lobbying disclosure.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

20. What if I do not specify a choice for a matter when returning a proxy?

Shareholders should specify their choice for each matter in the manner described in the Notice or on their proxy card. If no specific instructions are given, proxies that are signed and returned will be voted:

- FOR the election of all director nominees;
- FOR the advisory approval of our executive compensation;
- to hold the Say-on-Pay vote EVERY YEAR (for “One Year”);
- FOR the ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm; and
- AGAINST the shareholder proposal regarding lobbying disclosure.

21. Are my shares voted if I do not provide a proxy?

If you are a shareholder of record and do not provide a proxy, you must attend the Annual Meeting in order to vote. If you hold shares through an account with a bank or broker, your shares may be voted by the bank or broker on some matters if you do not provide voting instructions. Banks and brokers have the authority under NYSE rules to vote shares for which their customers do not provide voting instructions on routine matters. The ratification of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm is considered a routine matter. The other matters being voted on at the Annual Meeting are not considered routine and banks and brokers cannot vote shares without instruction on those matters. Shares that banks and brokers are not authorized to vote are counted as “broker non-votes.”

22. How are abstentions and broker non-votes counted?

Abstentions have no effect on the election of directors or the advisory vote regarding the frequency of holding future Say-on-Pay votes. Abstentions have the effect of an “AGAINST” vote on the advisory vote to approve our executive compensation, the ratification of the appointment of the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm and the shareholder proposal. Broker non-votes have no effect on the vote for any matter at the meeting.

23. Does the Company have a policy about directors’ attendance at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders?

The Company expects directors to attend the Annual Meeting, absent a compelling reason. All of our directors attended the 2016 Annual Meeting.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

24. What are the deadlines for submitting director nominees and other shareholder proposals for the 2018 Annual Meeting?

Shareholder Director Nominations for Inclusion in the Company's Proxy Materials (Proxy Access). To be considered for inclusion in our proxy statement for our 2018 Annual Meeting, director nominations submitted pursuant to Section 3.04 of our Bylaws must be received at our principal executive offices at UnitedHealth Group Center, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343, Attention: Secretary to the Board of Directors, no earlier than November 22, 2017 and no later than December 22, 2017, and must be submitted in accordance with Section 3.04 of our Bylaws. If we do not receive the information required by our Bylaws by the deadline described above, the director nominee will be excluded from our proxy statement for our 2018 Annual Meeting.

Other Shareholder Proposals to Be Considered for Inclusion in the Company's Proxy Materials (SEC Rule 14a-8). To be considered for inclusion in our proxy statement for our 2018 Annual Meeting, shareholder proposals submitted pursuant to SEC Rule 14a-8 must be received no later than December 22, 2017 and be submitted in accordance with Rule 14a-8. These shareholder proposals must be in writing and received by the deadline described above at our principal executive offices at UnitedHealth Group Center, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343, Attention: Secretary to the Board of Directors. If we do not receive a shareholder proposal by the deadline described above, the proposal may be excluded from our proxy statement for our 2018 Annual Meeting.

Other Shareholder Proposals for Presentation at the 2018 Annual Meeting (Advance Notice Provision). A shareholder proposal that is not submitted for inclusion in our proxy statement for our 2018 Annual Meeting pursuant to Section 3.04 of our Bylaws or SEC Rule 14a-8 and is sought to be presented at the 2018 Annual Meeting must comply with the "advance notice" deadlines in our Bylaws. As such, these shareholder proposals must be received no earlier than February 5, 2018, and no later than the close of business on March 7, 2018. These shareholder proposals must be in writing and received within the "advance notice" deadlines described above at our principal executive offices at UnitedHealth Group Center, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343, Attention: Secretary to the Board of Directors. These shareholder proposals must be in the form provided in our Bylaws and must include the information set forth in the Bylaws. If we do not receive a shareholder proposal and the required information by the "advance notice" deadlines described above, the proposal may be excluded from consideration at the 2018 Annual Meeting. The "advance notice" requirement described above supersedes the notice period in SEC Rule 14a-4(c)(1) of the federal proxy rules regarding the discretionary proxy voting authority with respect to such shareholder business.

25. How are proxies solicited and what is the cost?

We bear all expenses incurred in connection with the solicitation of proxies. We have engaged D.F. King & Co., Inc., to assist with the solicitation of proxies for a base fee of \$23,000 plus expenses. We will reimburse brokers, fiduciaries and custodians for their costs in forwarding proxy materials to beneficial owners of common stock.

Our directors, officers and employees may also solicit proxies by mail, telephone and personal contact. They will not receive any additional compensation for these activities.

26. Where can I find more information about my voting rights as a shareholder?

The SEC has an informational website that provides shareholders with general information about how to cast their vote and why voting should be an important consideration for shareholders. You may access that information at www.sec.gov/spotlight/proxymatters.shtml or at www.investor.gov.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table provides information about shareholders known to us to beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, based solely on the information filed by such shareholders in 2017 for the year ended December 31, 2016 on Schedule 13G under the Exchange Act.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
BlackRock, Inc. ⁽¹⁾ 55 East 52 nd Street New York, New York 10055	69,264,228	7.30%
The Vanguard Group ⁽²⁾ 100 Vanguard Boulevard Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355	60,211,766	6.32%
FMR LLC ⁽³⁾ 245 Summer Street Boston, Massachusetts 02210	56,567,442	5.94%

- (1) This information, including percent of class, is based on the Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC by BlackRock, Inc. on January 27, 2017. BlackRock, Inc. reported having sole voting power over 59,468,643 shares and sole dispositive power over 69,264,228 shares.
- (2) This information, including percent of class, is based on the Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC by The Vanguard Group on February 10, 2017. The Vanguard Group reported having sole voting power over 1,488,160 shares, shared voting power over 181,207 shares, sole dispositive power over 58,583,686 shares and shared dispositive power over 1,628,080 shares.
- (3) This information, including percent of class, is based on the Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC by FMR LLC on February 14, 2017. FMR LLC reported having sole voting power over 6,186,045 shares and sole dispositive power over 56,567,442 shares.

1 Board of Directors	2 Corporate Governance	3 Executive Compensation	4 Audit Committee Matters	5 Annual Meeting	6 Other Information
----------------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	------------------	---------------------

The following table provides information about the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 14, 2017 by each director and nominee for director, each named executive officer, and by all of our current directors, executive officers and director nominees as a group. As of March 14, 2017, there were 953,931,448 shares of our common stock issued, outstanding and entitled to vote.

Name of Beneficial Owner or Identity of Group	Ownership of Common Stock	Number of Shares Deemed Beneficially Owned as a Result of Equity Awards Exercisable or Vesting Within 60 Days of March 14, 2017	Total ⁽¹⁾	Percent of Common Stock Outstanding
William C. Ballard, Jr.	70,391 ⁽²⁾	45,000	115,391	*
Richard T. Burke	1,957,191 ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	59,860	2,107,051	*
Robert J. Darretta	42,488 ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	56,621	99,109	*
Timothy P. Flynn	0	0	0	*
Michele J. Hooper	30,941 ⁽²⁾	35,000	65,941	*
Rodger A. Lawson	26,542 ⁽²⁾	0	26,542	*
Glenn M. Renwick	42,294 ⁽²⁾	33,929	76,223	*
Kenneth I. Shine, M.D.	28,995 ⁽²⁾	0	28,995	*
Gail R. Wilensky, Ph.D.	55,175 ⁽²⁾	50,930	106,105	*
Stephen J. Hemsley	3,209,326 ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	527,375	3,736,701	*
John F. Rex	32,378	187,196	219,574	*
David S. Wichmann	615,431 ⁽⁵⁾	722,601	1,338,032	*
Larry C. Renfro	209,886	154,813	364,699	*
Marianne D. Short	64,017	105,133	169,150	*
All current directors, executive officers and director nominees as a group (16 individuals)	6,417,813 ⁽⁷⁾	2,082,245	8,500,058	0.89%

* Less than 1%.

- (1) Unless otherwise noted, each person and group identified possesses sole voting and dispositive power with respect to the shares shown opposite such person's or group's name. Shares not outstanding but deemed beneficially owned by virtue of the right of an individual to acquire them within 60 days of March 14, 2017 are treated as outstanding only when determining the amount and percent owned by such individual or group.
- (2) Includes the following number of vested DSUs which are considered owned under the Company's stock ownership guidelines for directors: Mr. Ballard — 21,091 DSUs; Mr. Burke — 21,091 DSUs; Mr. Darretta — 39,148 DSUs; Ms. Hooper — 27,571 DSUs; Mr. Lawson — 19,542 DSUs; Mr. Renwick — 40,254 DSUs; Dr. Shine — 28,422 DSUs; and Dr. Wilensky — 20,346 DSUs.
- (3) Includes 86,000 shares held in trust for the benefit of Mr. Burke's children. Mr. Burke does not have voting or dispositive power over these shares and disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares.
- (4) Includes 3,340 shares held by Mr. Darretta in a margin account for which no loans are outstanding. To discourage pledging shares of the Company's common stock, our insider trading policy requires advance approval of the Compensation Committee of any pledging of common stock by directors, executive officers

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

and other members of management. Pledges that existed prior to the policy's adoption in November 2012 have been grandfathered. Mr. Darretta continues to satisfy our stock ownership guidelines when pledged shares are excluded from his individual holdings. The three-month average trading volume for the Company's common stock was 3,510,000 as of March 14, 2017. Mr. Darretta will cease serving on the Company's Board as of the date of the 2017 Annual Meeting.

- (5) Includes the following number of shares held in trust for the individuals pursuant to our 401(k) plan: Mr. Hemsley — 308.3995 shares; and Mr. Wichmann — 231.1102 shares. Pursuant to the terms of the 401(k) plan, a participant has sole voting power over his or her shares; however, the plan trustee votes all unvoted shares in the same proportions as the actual proxy votes submitted by plan participants.
- (6) Includes 79,813 DSUs, 24,000 shares held in a charitable foundation and 2,079,952 shares held in grantor retained annuity trusts, all of which are beneficially owned by Mr. Hemsley.
- (7) Includes the indirect holdings included in footnotes 3, 5 and 6.

Householding Notice

We have adopted "householding" procedures that allow us to deliver one Notice or single copies of proxy statements and annual reports to any household at which two or more shareholders reside who share the same last name or whom we believe to be members of the same family. Each registered shareholder living in that household will receive a separate proxy card if the householded proxy materials are received by mail.

If you participate in householding but wish to receive a separate copy of the Notice, this proxy statement or our 2016 Annual Report to Shareholders, please notify us at: Secretary to the Board of Directors, UnitedHealth Group Center, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343, telephone (877) 536-3550. You may opt-in or opt-out of householding at any time by contacting our transfer agent, Wells Fargo Shareowner Services, at P.O. Box 64854, St. Paul, Minnesota 55164-0854, telephone (800) 468-9716. Your householding election will apply to all materials mailed more than 30 days after your request is received.

Your participation in the householding program is encouraged. As an alternative to householding, you may choose to receive documents electronically. Instructions for electing electronic delivery are described in Question 6 of the "Questions and Answers About the Annual Meeting and Voting" section of this proxy statement.

We have been notified that some banks and brokers will household proxy materials. If your shares are held in "street name" by a bank or broker, you may request information about householding from your bank or broker.

Other Matters at Meeting

In accordance with the requirements of advance notice described in our Bylaws, no shareholder nominations or shareholder proposals other than those included in this proxy statement will be presented at the 2017 Annual Meeting. We know of no other matters that may come before the Annual Meeting. However, if any matters calling for a vote of the shareholders, other than those referred to in this proxy statement, should properly come before the meeting, the persons named as proxies will vote on such matters according to their individual judgment.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

OTHER INFORMATION

Certain Relationships and Transactions

Approval or Ratification of Related-Person Transactions

The Board of Directors has adopted a written Related-Person Transactions Approval Policy, which is administered by the Nominating Committee. A copy of the policy is available on our website at www.unitedhealthgroup.com. Under the policy, “related-person” transactions are prohibited unless approved or ratified by the Nominating Committee. In general, a related-person transaction is any transaction or series of transactions (or amendments thereto) directly or indirectly involving:

- A director or an immediate family member of a director in which an executive officer of the Company is directly or indirectly a participant and the amount involved exceeds \$1.00; or
- A director, executive officer or shareholder beneficially owning more than 5% of our common stock, or any of their respective immediate family members, in which the Company or its subsidiaries is directly or indirectly a participant and the amount involved exceeds \$120,000; provided that if a director is an executive officer of an entity that is a party to a transaction with the Company or its subsidiaries, and the director was actively involved in the transaction, then the amount shall be \$1.00.

Related-person transactions under the policy do not include:

- Indemnification and advancement of expenses made pursuant to the Company’s Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws or pursuant to any agreement or instrument.
- Interests arising solely from the ownership of a class of the Company’s equity securities if all holders of that class of equity securities receive the same benefit on a pro rata basis.
- Any transaction that involves the providing of compensation to a director or executive officer in connection with his or her duties to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, including the reimbursement of business expenses incurred in the ordinary course.

Under the policy, the Company determines whether a transaction falls under the definition of a related-person transaction requiring review by the Nominating Committee. In determining whether to approve or ratify a related-person transaction, the Nominating Committee will consider, among other things, whether the terms of the related-person transaction are fair to the Company and on terms at least as favorable as would apply if the other party was not an affiliate; the business reasons for the transaction; whether the transaction could impair the independence of a director under the Company’s Standards for Director Independence; and whether the transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any director or executive officer of the Company.

Any member of the Nominating Committee who has an interest in the transaction under discussion will abstain from voting on the approval of the related-person transaction, but may, if so requested by the Chair of the Nominating Committee, participate in some or all of the Nominating Committee’s discussions of the related-person transaction. Any related-person transaction that is not approved or ratified, as the case may be, will be voided, terminated or amended, or other actions will be taken in each case as determined by the Nominating Committee so as to avoid or otherwise address any resulting conflict of interest.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

As required under SEC rules, transactions in which the Company was or is to be a participant and the amount involved exceeds \$120,000, and in which any related person had or will have a direct or indirect material interest, are disclosed below.

Related-Person Transactions

Transactions with our Former Director, Edson Bueno

Set forth below is information regarding certain business relationships between Amil and related persons, most of which existed prior to the closing of the acquisition of a majority interest in Amil by the Company in October 2012. At the time of the Amil acquisition, we reviewed the various business relationships then in effect and determined it was in the best interest of Amil and the Company that they be preserved. We also believed that Dr. Bueno's experience and knowledge of international health care and integrated care systems, and training and experience as a physician and entrepreneur with deep expertise across the continuum of care, made him a valuable member of our Board. Dr. Bueno passed away in February 2017. At that time, Dr. Bueno and his business partner, Dr. Dulce Pugliese, continued to own approximately 10% of Amil's outstanding common shares and had committed to retain such shares for at least five years from the date of the Company's acquisition of Amil, or October 26, 2017, subject to certain exceptions. Dr. Bueno had the right to put the shares to the Company and the Company had the right to call the Amil shares upon expiration of the five-year term, unless accelerated upon certain events, at a fair market value to be determined by appraisal firms selected by the Company and Dr. Bueno.

The Nominating Committee of the Board of Directors has ratified the relationships set forth below. U.S. dollar amounts have been converted into U.S. dollars based on an exchange rate of R\$3.2551 to US\$1.00, the average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2016. These exchange rates are the same exchange rates used for financial reporting purposes.

Diagnosticos da America S.A. ("DASA"). As of December 31, 2016, Dr. Bueno owned directly and through an affiliated entity a minority interest in DASA and had voting control over a majority of DASA's shares. Dr. Bueno's son is the president of DASA. DASA provides vaccinations, diagnostic services and laboratory and pathology tests to many customers in Brazil, including Amil plan members. Services outside of São Paulo, Brazil are provided pursuant to a contract which automatically renews for successive 36-month terms. Services in São Paulo are provided pursuant to a contract with a term ending in 2026 (which is renewable for successive 15-year terms). Amil generally receives a discount on services provided to its members ranging from 2% to 12.5%, depending on volume. Amil has granted DASA the exclusive right to provide laboratory and pathology testing services at approximately 64 locations in São Paulo during the term of the contract and receives a discount on services ranging from 4% to 15%, depending on volume. From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016, Amil paid DASA \$171.2 million, which reflects discounts over market rates in part due to exclusivity arrangements.

Hospital Investments. Dr. Bueno indirectly owned a majority interest in seven hospitals located in Rio de Janeiro, São Paulo and Brasilia that provide medical services to Amil plan members. Services to Amil plan members represent approximately 26% of the aggregate revenue of these hospitals during the period from January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016. The services are provided pursuant to contracts between Amil and each individual hospital. The contracts will expire in 2022. From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016, Amil paid these hospitals \$202.7 million for services to Amil plan members. Amil also has a right of first offer and a right of first refusal to purchase interests in these hospitals had Dr. Bueno or his affiliates determined to transfer their interests to third parties within ten years from the date of the closing, or October 26, 2022.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Aeromil Táxi Aéreo Limitada (“Aeromil”). In connection with the Company’s acquisition of Amil, Amil sold 80% of Aeromil, an air taxi business, to Dr. Bueno to comply with Brazilian restrictions on foreign ownership of such businesses. Aeromil provides on-demand emergency medical transport services to Amil. The cost to Amil for such services is based on the operating costs (including utilization and maintenance) of the relevant aircraft. From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016, Amil paid Aeromil \$10.8 million for emergency medical transport services. Amil is entitled to receive dividends equaling 99.9% of the profits of Aeromil and has an irrevocable option to purchase all of Dr. Bueno’s shares in Aeromil at a price of approximately \$15 million, the price paid by Dr. Bueno for his stake in Aeromil. Amil’s call option has an indefinite term so long as each party holds stock in Aeromil. Dr. Bueno was restricted from selling his shares in Aeromil except pursuant to Amil’s call option.

LAVE BRAS Gestão de Têxteis S.A. (“LAVE BRAS”). Dr. Bueno had an indirect minority interest in LAVE BRAS, a privately-held Brazilian company that provides industrial laundry services to hospitals. In 2016, Amil paid LAVE BRAS and its subsidiaries \$4.7 million for industrial laundry services provided to Amil’s hospitals.

Federação Nacional de Saúde Suplementar. Dr. Bueno was a vice president of Federação Nacional de Saúde Suplementar, a consortium of major health care providers in Brazil that partner together to exchange experiences, promote organized debates about major challenges of the sector, and strengthen institutional representation before society and government. In 2016, Amil paid Federação Nacional de Saúde Suplementar approximately \$638,700 in membership and related fees.

Medical Supplies Providers. Dr. Bueno had an indirect majority ownership interest in entities from which Amil purchases medical supplies. Amil paid approximately \$25.7 million for medical supplies to the entities in 2016.

Property Leases. Dr. Bueno had an indirect majority ownership interest in entities from which Amil leases medical facilities and office space. Amil paid approximately \$11.9 million for property leases to the entities in 2016.

Employment of Family Members of Executive Officer

Matt Renfro, Larry Renfro’s son, and Paul Leary, Larry Renfro’s brother-in-law, are employed at Optum. The compensation paid to each of these employees is consistent with the Company’s overall compensation principles based on the employees’ years of experience, performance and positions within the Company.

Transactions with 5% Shareholders

BlackRock Inc. beneficially owned approximately 7.3% of our common stock as of December 31, 2016. The Company paid BlackRock \$3.1 million for investment management fees in 2016. BlackRock maintains a self-funded health insurance plan through the Company and paid the Company \$1.8 million for administrative services in 2016.

FMR LLC beneficially owned approximately 5.94% of our common stock as of December 31, 2016. The Company and its employees paid Fidelity Management & Research Company (“Fidelity”), a wholly owned subsidiary of FMR LLC, \$5.8 million in investment and benefits management fees in 2016. Fidelity maintains a self-funded health insurance plan through the Company and paid the Company \$17.5 million for administrative services, approximately \$2.8 million for in-house fitness service management fees and approximately \$782,300 for software products in 2016.

1	Board of Directors	2	Corporate Governance	3	Executive Compensation	4	Audit Committee Matters	5	Annual Meeting	6	Other Information
---	--------------------	---	----------------------	---	------------------------	---	-------------------------	---	----------------	---	-------------------

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our executive officers and directors, and persons who beneficially own more than 10% of our common stock, to file initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership with the SEC and the NYSE. Executive officers, directors and greater-than-10% beneficial owners are required by SEC rules to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) reports they file. Based solely on our review of these reports and written representations from our executive officers and directors, we believe that all of our executive officers and directors complied with all Section 16(a) filing requirements during 2016.

Appendix A — Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Adjusted net earnings per share is a non-GAAP financial measure. Non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. Management believes that the use of adjusted net earnings per share provides investors and management useful information about the earnings impact of acquisition-related intangible asset amortization and the earnings impact of the recognition of the Company's estimated share of guaranty association assessments resulting from the liquidation of Penn Treaty.

UNITEDHEALTH GROUP RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES ADJUSTED NET EARNINGS AND EARNINGS PER SHARE¹

(in millions, except per share data)
(unaudited)

	Year Ended December 31, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015
GAAP net earnings	\$ 7,017	\$ 5,813
Intangible amortization	882	650
Penn Treaty impact	350	—
Tax effect	(454)	(227)
Adjusted net earnings	<u>\$ 7,795</u>	<u>\$ 6,236</u>
GAAP diluted earnings per share	\$ 7.25	\$ 6.01
Intangible amortization per share	0.91	0.67
Penn Treaty impact per share	0.36	—
Tax effect per share	(0.47)	(0.23)
Adjusted diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 8.05</u>	<u>\$ 6.45</u>

¹ GAAP and adjusted net earnings are attributable to UnitedHealth Group common shareholders.